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# THE BEE.
WASHINGTON

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## THEY CANNOT AGREE.

### Sickles and Gordon Again at Front in War Dispute.

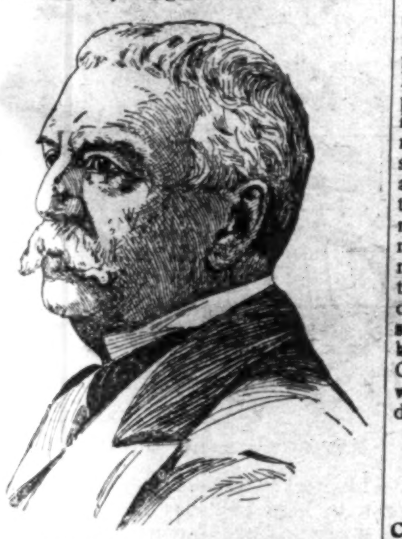
**Although Now a Very Old Man the New York General Still Manages to Make His Voice Heard in the Land.**

Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, of New York, has come to the front again after a considerable retirement from the public view in a strong controversy with the confederate chieftain, Gen. John B. Gordon, over the battle of Gettysburg. Both these brave men know a good deal about Gettysburg, but, unfortunattely, and quite naturally, they don't know the same things.

To the old timers, says the Louisville Courier-Journal, this reappearance of Gen. Sickles in the arena of civil war controversy will recall the days when a week without some contribution of the sort from the doughty soldier was a rarity of rarities.

Sickles has always like to talk almost as much as he liked to fight in his fighting days. He was in the battle of Gettysburg, and bore himself with distinction there. It was one of the hardest-fought battles in the world's history and it was succeeded by the fierce wordy war that has followed every great battle.

Perhaps the bitterest discussions after Gettysburg were those which had to do with the relations between the late Gen. Meade and Gen. Sickles, and for more than 30 years the latter was almost constantly replying to criticisms or attacking some one else who was in the action. It was not until after the mid nineties that there was any lull in the controversy worth speaking of, and the articles published in 1897 and 1898 from the pen of the late Charles A. Dana, assistant secertary of war when the battle was fought, revived all the old animosity. Again there was a lull after a time. In May, 1898, just after the death of Gen. Meade, another big discussion seemed probable. At the funeral, however, Gen. Sickles himself went a long way toward putting a quietus upon any further acrimonious talk.


GEN. DANIEL E. SICKLES.
(Veteran Who Fights with Pen as Well as with Sword.)

Bending reverently over the open grave of the departed general, he declared that as "a brigade, a division, a corps and an army commander," Gen. Meade "won and deserved the admiration of all as a great general and also a great man. It is a privilege to me, here in the presence of his fellow citizens," Gen. Sickles continued, "to place upon the grave of my commander this flower."

Men who were present at this remarkable scene—remarkable in view of the fact that Sickles, of all men, might have been expected to nurse enmity toward Meade—have since declared that the words then uttered by Sickles had "given the death blow to detraction" of many a civil war commander.

Gen. Sickles is now eight years more than the Biblical three score and ten, his birth having been in 1825, and his vigor has decreased noteworthily in the last few years.

Eleven years ago he was a candidate for congress, and there was some hope among the republicans that he might be induced to run on their side. They based this hope on the circumstance that he was much dissatisfied with Grover Cleveland, then presidential nominee for the third time. He had displeased Sickles by his attitude toward civil war veterans who were seeking pensions, and it is within the knowledge of the present writer that he pondered long on the advisability of making a change in his political allegiance, and determined to stick to the democratic side of the fence only after a strong protest from David B. Hill. It has always been contended by Sickles that Hill is as favorable to the claims of civil war veterans as any republican ever was.

**Child with Business Head.**

A teacher in one of the Quaker City kindergartens thinks that she has discovered a "Philadelphia lawyer" in embryo. She made the discovery in one of the exercises incident to teaching the young idea how to count. After drawing five ones on the blackboard and writing beneath the five successive numerals, one, two, three, up to five together with a painstaking verbal explanation, she attempted to test the understanding of the little ones by turning to one bright-eyed fellow and putting the question: "Now, Donald, which would you rather have, five pennies or a five cent piece?" "Five pennies!" Donald promptly replied. "Why, Donald?" asked the teacher, patiently. "Because," said Donald, "you see, if you lost one of the pennies, you'd have four left and even if you lost four, you'd have one left; but, if you lost the five cent piece, why, it would all be gone—every penny!"

### COOPER THE MAN?

(From the Chicago Conservator.)

Speaking of the election of Attorney Hayes, of Virginia, as general organizer of the Afro-American Council, Brother Cooper says in the Colored American:

The reports of the proceedings of the Afro-American Council show that James H. Hayes, of Richmond, Va., has been appointed general organizer for the purposes the Council has at heart. We doubt the wisdom of his selection. The best thought of our people is that our rights must be secured through peaceful and lawful methods and Mr. Hayes has made a most unenviable reputation as an ill-balanced agitator. He cannot be an available factor in the great work of the Council."

We think Brother Cooper about three-thirds right. Since the Council has fallen into the hands of the sages and foxes of Laylowville it has no business with a straight-forward race-loving American Negro like Hayes. Cooper knows, and they all know, that Hayes cannot serve the present purposes of the Council while he has it in his head to speak and plead for fair play for the Negro. To serve the present great men of the now transformed Council Mr. Hayes would have to hold and preach that the Southern constitutions, which disfranchised the Negro, place a premium on intelligence and good conduct, and that they are good for the Negro; that the Negro must not contend against the "Jim Crow" car, but see rather that it is filled with good Negroes; that the Negro must not contend for nor demand his civil and political rights, but rather go on working and getting property and a bank account; that the Negro should not, at any meeting, pass resolutions condeming the lynching and burning of Negroes by white mobs; that finally the Negro must solve "the race problem" by quietly and tamely submitting to any and all the outrages committed against the race without complaint and without murmuring. As Lawyer Hayes is a man so full of the American spirit and the love of the race that he could not do these things, he is, as Bro. Cooper says, a misfit in his office, and should be at once removed, and Brother Cooper put in his place. For Cooper will play any sort of fiddle for the dough.

### CONSISTANCY?

### Colored Lawyers and their Opposition to the Police Court Judges.

There is no class of men who have been more opposed to the Judges of the Police Court than the colored members of the bar. Now that it is about time for both Judges of the Police Court to be appointed at least two-thirds of the colored lawyers who were the most pronounced in their opposition to Judges Kimball and Scott are among the first to indorse either one or both of them for reappointment. A Bee representative has attended meetings of the colored attorneys and has heard them criticise the methods of the Police Court and convictions, and yet they are found among the first to indorse their reappointment. Among the lawyers who have been previously opposed to reappointment are: L. M. King, Fountain Peyton, M. T. Clinkscales, John A. Moss, W. C. Martin, Royal Hughes, W. L. Pollard, J. T. Stewart, E. M. Hewlett, very pronounced, more so than any other member of the bar, and he is now the first to head Judge Scott's petition, Thomas Warrick, R. R. Horner, J. F. Bundy, J. M. Ricks. Those who have not indorsed either: James Cobb, T. L. Jones P. W. Frisby and W. Calvin Chase.

At a recent meeting of the colored members of the bar it was decided not to indorse anyone at present, and before the adoption of the constitution two thirds of the negro attorneys have indorsed Judge Scott. None it is stated has indorsed Judge Kimball. It is believed that the bar is almost unanimous against his reappointment and the President will be asked not to reappoint him.

### EDUCATION AND THE NEGRO.

From the Post.

To those who doubt the capacity of the colored brother to assimilate the higher education, we wish to offer a suggestion by quoting from the New York Herald's European edition the following telegraphic report;

"Antwerp, Thursday.—A negro valet, named A. L. Allen, in the service of an Anterp family, was allowed a vacation some time ago in order to go to Washington to see his family.

"He returned from New York on the Red Star steamship Kroonland, but allowed himself to be booked as United States Vice Consul at Antwerp and was thus placed at the head of the first-class passenger list. Much attention was paid him by the personnel of the steamship, and much speculation went the rounds as to how the consular officials in Antwerp would relish the newcomer

"Several New York papers announced the departure of A. L. Allen, United States consul general at Antwerp, on the Kroonland.

The United States consul general at Mannheim was on the steamer and words cannot express the feelings of this official on seeing who had been taken by the other passengers as one of his colleagues.

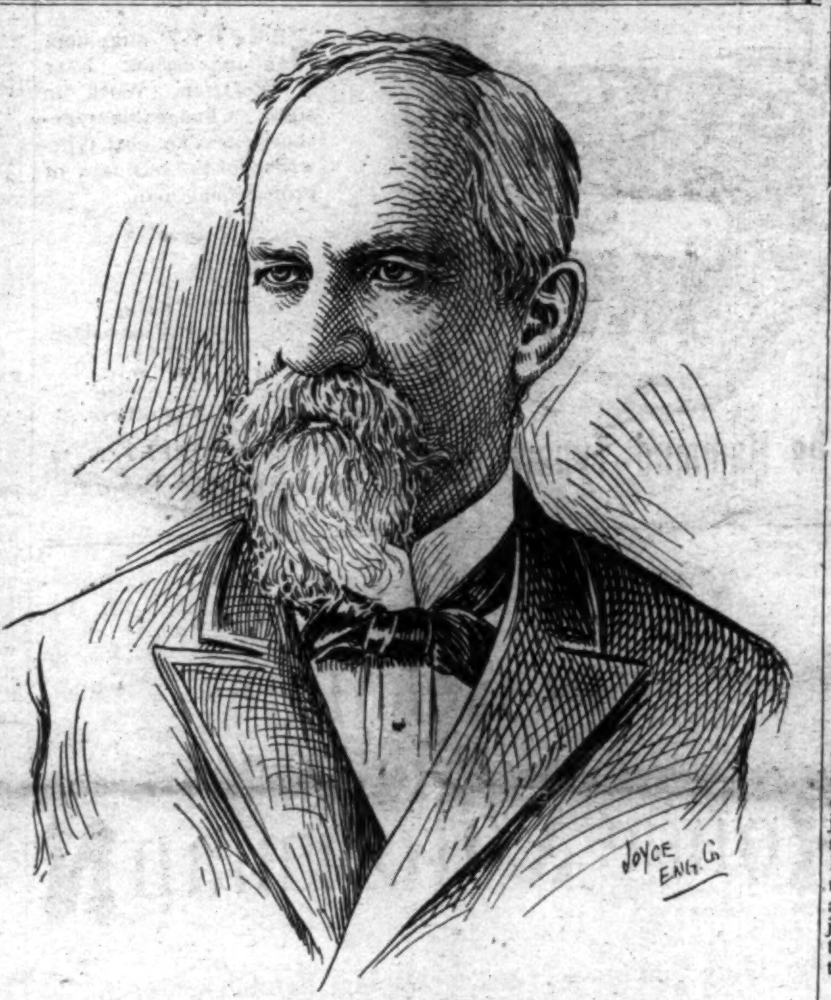
"On arriving at Antwerp the valet resumed his duties as bootblack, door tender and general utility man at his former master's, to the consternation of the personnel of the Kroonland.

We are vastly weary of all this exploitation of the colored brother. Northren persons have been racing all over the surface of the south, talking to him, asking questions, prosecuting microscopic inspections and putting into inperishable print the results of their innocent activities. We are told that the negro is steeped in superstition; that he has been enlightened by education; that he is hopelessly degraded and immoral; that the high-class whites implicitly trust him; that he is improvident; that he is gradually but surely accumulating property; that he is happy, careless, miserable, brooding, progressive, downtrodden, faithful, treacherous, &c. He has more aspects than the chameleon, more moods than an April day, more characteristics than the most versatille and many sided Caucasian. And, all this time none of the visiting wiseacres seems to consider him as a human being, with human faults and virtues, human hopes and fears, human aspirations and despairs-all regulated by environment, association, and opportunity. None of them thinks of comparing him with the whites of similar station in life, pursuing similar occupations and subject to similar influences and restrictions.

Let him alone! Stop treating him as if he were a phenomenon! To be sure he has his leaders, (who are for the most part fools when they are not selfish calculators upon his credulity and ignorance. But have not the low class Italians their padrones, and the inferior order of laborers their betrayers and false prophets? If they choose to segregate themselves and to set up as a peculiar and isolated element of the the population, are there not whites of different nationalities who commit the same suicidal folly? The typical negro is not wise, but he is good humored, faithful and well meaning. At least he is never a conspirator, an anarchist or an assasin. He has his quarrels, but they are private ones. He has his passions for he is human. But the most fatal burden under which he staggers is that of bad advice and evil example. If he could be freed from the incendiary leader and dreaming evangelist by a single stroke of providence, there would be little difference, in respect of present and future possibilities, between him and his white equal.

This fellow, Allen is nothing more than an impudent and shrewd sharper but there are hundreds of white impostors of exactly the same quality. Evidently, he has been "educated," So have been his white fellows in sharp practice. On the other hand, one may easily find a negro ruffian and brute in any metropolitan slum and side by side with him, a Caucasian savage quite as hideous and revolting. The colored field hand in the Teche or Lafourche district of Louisiana is in all respects the equal of his white counterpart at the North. Alexandre Dumas, pere, was a better and a greater writer than any of his modern competiters, whether French, or English, or American, or German. Ad Wimbs, of Alabama, is as honest and good a man as any white worker in politics at the North. The trouble is that the invesstigator from the outside, with his preconceived ideaa, his academic aloofness, his eyeglasses, and his bottle of sal-volatile, simply makes a puddle of what should be the clearest of all ponds.

Let the colored brother alone! He is all right--or would be if he had a chance.


JOYCE ENG. Co.

JUDGE C. S. BUNDY,
Who will be Urged to Succeed Judge Kimball. A humanitarian, popular with the Bar and the People.

### WHY NOT KICK?

(From the Chicago Conservator.)

The American Baptist says:

In referring to the Afro-American Council the Washington Bee blandly says: "The Bee would suggest the propriety of organizing a new Afro-American Council." Yes, one composed of kickers and grumblers and fault-finders, with no admission fee and no restriction of any kind. Such an organization would furnish as much excitement and amusement as an antibuated "Lime Kiln Club," and be productive of as much good."

Well, it would not be a bad thing to get up another organization composed wholly of "kickers." George Washington, the father of this covntry was a "kicker." Patrick Henry was a "kicker." Fred. Douglas was a big Negro "kicker." William Lloyd Garrison, John Brown, Owen Lovejoy, Horace Greeley, Wendell Phillips, Charles Sumner, and thousand of others were "kickers," and were plainly told so by Northern dough faces, Copperheads and pro-slavery sympathizers. The true American will "kick" everytime against the abridgement of his rights

The Negro is hooted at and despised to-day by every freedom-loving people in the world because he submitted to be enslaved and bound, and served ox-like without "kicking." No man despises the Negro on account of his color, but because he quietly gave up his manhood for a life of servitude. His color only serves as a mark of identity—it is the mark which points him out as the man who, in this "land of the free and home of the brave," submitted, without "kicking," to be servant of all. The greatest "kicker" who ever bothered man and interferred with the happy mooings of the self-boosting organizations of the big fellows who disregarded the interests of the common people, was a discredited young man born in the "hill country" of Judea, and generally known among council (not exactly the Afro-American) as the despised Nazarene. He "kicked" against the Pharisees, the Saducees, the big lawyers, against imposition on the people's rights, he "kicked" against the big fellows selling out the rights of the people for place and preferment, he "kicked" against all manner of wrong doing. He was a "kicker" from Capunium and would ruin the present Afro-American Council if he were here to-day. Let the Negro "kick." It is American to "kick" under his conditions.

### A WORTHY PROMOTION.

Merit Always Wins.

In the recommendation of Col. G. C. Kniffin, chief of the Record division of the Pension office, Mr. H. L. Livingston, who was reduced from $1,400 to $1000 was promoted last week to $1200. Col. Kniffin is one of the most competent chiefs in the Pension office and a man who always recognizes merit in all classes of clerks be they white or black. It is more than gratifying to the host of friends of Mr Livingston to know Commissioner Ware, 1st deputy commissioner Davenport and Col. Kniffin are fully aware of the injustice that has been done Mr. Livingston and also being perfectly satisfied and convinced that he was worthy tobe promoted they did not hesitate, as they have given the colored clerk all justice wherever and whenever an opportunity would permit it and if he deserved it. There have been more promotions of colored clerks by these gentlemen than by any of their predicessors.

Commissioner Ware is a matter of fact man and believes in the merit system. Col. Davenport knows no man by the color of his skin. He is a simon pure republican and popular with everybody. Col. Kniffin is a man in whom you can place confidence. If you are entitled to consideration he will recommend you, be you black or white. The many hundred admirers of Mr. Livingston feel grateful to these gentlemen.

### WOMAN PRESIDENT OF BANK.

Richmond now enjoys the novelty of having a bank with a woman as president. The Independent Order of St. Luke, an organization of colored people with headquarters here, to-day obtained a charter for St. Luke's Penny Savings Bank. It will be located in a handsome building at St. James and Baker streets.

The certificate of organization shows the following officers beside the directors: Maggie L. Walker, married, president; R. H. Cooly; vice president. Mrs. Walker has all along been the leading spirit of the order of St. Luke. She is a graduate of the colored high and normal school, and was formily a teacher in the Richmond public schools. She commands the respect of both races here and has fine executive business ability.

The Order of St. Luke is composed entirely of colored people. Its membership extends from Richmond to Boston and westward to Ohio.

The bank will be opened on Labor day. As various councils in the city have over $500,00 on deposit, it is thought that the deposits on opening day will aggregate $75,000.

### STOP BEGGING—WORK SOME.

From the Dallas Texas Enterprise.

Ever since Booker T. Washington received $600,000 from Mr. Carnegie, the philanthopic beggars who are all martyrs to some "cause," have been literally frothing at the mouth. They have really gotten in earnest in the art of begging and as a result, a great many people of means are simply being worried to death.

It is doubtful if these race beggars do any good. It is just possible that they are doing lots of harm. The first thing these grafters undertake to do before beginning to beg, is to tell the white man or company from whom they expect money, how poor and shiftless and degraded and ignorant the Negro race is. When they have taught this lesson the next thing is to put out their dirty hands for alms in the name of the race, and often the race never knows the gift was made. These beggars should be discouraged.

Let the white man who wants to help the Negro, give him paying employment. This is enough Let the Negro then stick to his work, improving his talent and saving wage, and in time the race will rise.

### GETTING IN LINE.

There is a movement on foot by some of the leading negro democrats to boom Senator A. P. Gorman of Maryland for the presidential nomination and election in 1904. There is to be a West End negro democratic club organized.

At a preliminary meeting on last Wednesday night, it was said that Senator Gorman has made more appointments from Maryland of colored men than any republican that has represented the state. It is claimed that Senator Gorman has more colored democrats in office now, under the protection of the Civil Service than any Maryland republican.

### OPPOSED TO KIMBALL

### The President Will be Asked to Appoint his Succes.

The opposition to Judge I. G. Kimball of the Police court is growing daily. The opposition is almost unanimous irrespective of color, religious creed or politics. There never was a judge appointed on the bench who was so much disliked as Judge Kimball. President Roosevelt will be asked to make some changes in the Police court at the expiration of the term of the judge. There is every reason to believe that President Roosevelt will listen to the people in these appointments.

Judges Bundy, Mills, Pugh, Moten are popular with the people and the bar. Men should be appointed Judges of the Police court who are not looking for guilt all the time. The petition that is in ciculation is being readily signed.

### GOVERNORS.

From South Dakota.

The Hon. Charles N. Herreld, Governor, of South Dakota, arrived in Washington a few days ago with his wife and daughters and registered at the New Willard's Hotel, where a representative of the Bee called to see him and was most cordially received, and introduced him to the National Committeeman Green of Sioux Falls. Both gentlemen are uncompromising republicans and true friends of the colored race and believe in giving to the colored man all the rights guaranteed him by the Constitution. Governor Herreld was elected by over 28000 majority at the last election and it is to be hoped that he will be reelected by an increased majority in 1904, and at some time he may come to the United States Senate. Such a man is needed in the Senate when our race is being disfranchised. We may expect to hear from the South Dakota in the next National Convention.

### THE BEE WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.

Would qualified suffrage be restored.

If suffrage will be resticted to the people.

What District Attorney Beach will say to Mr. Taylor.

If republicans are wanted under a republican administration.

If the Blaine Invincibles are waiting for the Colonel's return.

Capt. Hamlin of North Carolina think well of Judge Pritchard.

If President Roosevelt will see that some colored republicans are appointed under the city governmt.

Principal Conventions to be held in Various Portions of the United States for which Special Rates will be in Effect via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Special Low Rate Excursions June 25th, July 9th and 23rd, August 6th and 20th, and September 3rd.

Baltimore, Md.—Seventy-Ninth Annual Session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., September 21-26. Tickets on sale September 19th, 20th and 21st, good returning until September 28th, inclusive

San Francisco, Cal—Grand Army of the Republic, August 17-22. Tickets on sale August 4th to 13th, good returning until October 15th.

## ROSE BY GALLANTRY.

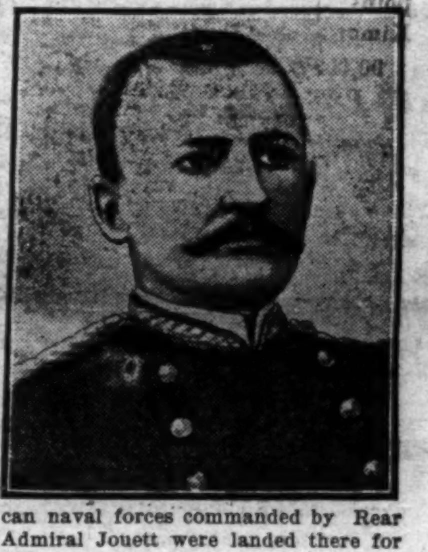
### Proud Career of Col. Elliott of the U. S. Marine Corps.

**Officer Who Will Succeed Gen. Heywood, Next October, Fought Well in Cuba and in the Philippines.**

Col. George F. Elliott, who will succeed Maj. Gen Charles Heywood, as commandant of the marine corps, with the rank of brigadier general, is one of the most popular and efficient officers in the service. His promotion was based entirely on merit and mainly in recognition of his meritorious services during the Spanish war and the insurrection in the Philippines.

A native of Alabama, Col. Elliott was appointed a second lieutenant in the marine corps from New York, October 12, 1870, and his first duty was performed at the marine barracks in Washington. After service at the marine barracks, Portsmouth, N. H., and Brooklyn, N. Y., he was in September, 1882, ordered to the U. S. S. Frolic and remained on that vessel about a year, when he was transferred to the U. S. S. Monongahela and was next assigned to the command of the marine guard on the U. S. S. Ossipee. He remained on that duty for three years and was then assigned to duty at the marine barracks, Norfolk. During that assignment he served with the army during the railroad riots, near Baltimore, in the summer of 1877. In December of that year he was attached to the U. S. S. Franklin, and in 1880 was transferred to the U. S. S. Alliance, on which vessel he served two years and then served two years at the Norfolk navy yard.

Col. Elliott, while a first lieutenant, served with the battalion of engineers which rendered such efficient service under command of Gen. (then Col.) Heywood on the isthmus of Panama in the spring of 1885, when the American naval forces commanded by Rear Admiral Jouett were landed there for the protection of American interests. Subsequently he served at the Newport station and at the Norfolk navy yard, and then successively on the U. S. S. Vandalia, Mohican, Lancaster and Baltimore, returning home from a foreign cruise in the last named vessel in July, 1895.



After three years' service at the marine barracks, Brooklyn, N. Y., he was, at the outbreak of the Spanish war in April, 1898, assigned to duty with the marine battalion of the North Atlantic squadron and served with especial distinction in the engagements at Guantanamo, Cuba, as a result of which he was advanced three numbers on the list of captains.

Lieut. Col. Huntington, who had command of the marines at Guantanamo, refers to Col. Elliott's conduct in leading an expedition against a superior force of Spaniards guarding a well at Cuzco, about six miles from the camp which was the only water supply of the enemy within 12 miles, as follows:

"Capt. Elliott's cool advance up a rocky, steep mountain path, under fire for 20 minutes without being able to return it, and the gallantry and skill displayed by him throughout this affair, were essential to the great success attained by the expedition, and are worthy of, and I earnestly recommend that he be advanced in rank one grade."

Returning from Cuba, Capt. Elliott was placed in command of the marine barracks in Washington. In the meantime having been promoted to the grade of major, in August, 1899, he was sent to the Philippines in command of the Second battalion of marines and behaved with conspicuous gallantry in the engagement at Novaleta in October of the same year. Maj. Gen. Otis, commanding the United States troops in the Philippines at that time, wrote to the rear admiral, commanding the naval forces, regarding Lieut. Col. Elliott in a highly commendatory manner.

Col. Elliott was broken down by his services in the Philippines and was sent to the naval hospital at Mare Island, California, in March, 1900. In the following September, his health having been restored, he was placed in command of the marines at the Norfolk station and remained there until February of this year, when he was placed in command of the marine barracks in Washington, where he is now on duty. He reached the grade of colonel in March last and his appointment as brigadier general and commandant of marines will take effect on the statutory retirement of Gen. Heywood, October 3 next.

## They Say

What has become of the Negro leadership?

Why is it that people toady to others when they have a little power?

There is no manhood among those who claim to be leaders.

The Afro-American council is a failure and a fraud.

The mouths of the leaders were closed.

Let us organize an Afro-American council.

One that will not toady but defend the rights of the negro.

Some negroes are like sheep.

Give us a leadership that will not cater to the whims of demagogues.

There is no Afro-American council in this city.

W. A. Pledger has subordinated his manhood. He is now numbered among the cringing.

O! how dazzling is an office to the eyes of the toady.

Booker Washington has promised the sucking leaders a tit.

It is best to be honest if you want to succeed.

The people will be asked to appoint another Judge to succeed Kimball.

90,000 colored citizens appeal to the President to appoint a successor to Ivory G. Kimball of the Police court.

The negro is a failure politically because he has no manhood.

There should be a strong Afro-American council organized.

Editor Fortune has lost his manhood.

"And thou too Fortune. 'We thought you would have mounted."

Editor Fortune asserted that all negro democrats are curs.

Were they curs when he advise all negroes to be democrats and support the democratic party.

The lies that have been told on the Metropole club have been branded by Lieut. Jordan and the excise board.

Major Sylvester is the Negroes friend, all reports to the contrary.

He has appointed more colored men on the force than any other Major who has held the office.

There is less beating negroes over the head than ever before

Let us have a new Afro-American council.

The democratic party states that Judge Parker is too cold.

Bryan is hot enough for the entire push.

When you make promises you should keep them.

When can you find an honest negro representative?

Don't be alarmed, it will not pay.

Be candid in your talk and truthful accordingly.

The republicans are looking at the negroes to see how easily they are bluffed.

Commissioner West is just as good a friend [illegible] colored man as any other commissioner.

The Metropole club has been vindicated.

What has become of the manhood that was once in the negro?

Robert W. Wilcox is no more. The brave Hawaiian leader is dead.

There is a grave question confronting the negro.

Be what you are and nothing more.

Let us have a successor to Judge Kimball.

TeFreedm[illegible] 'ho' [illegible] s i ht.

It is hoped that Dr. F. J. Shadd will be appointed on the school board.

Let Congress restore the right of suffrage to people.

It is hoped at the District government will be re-organized.

In union there is strength but in the Afro-American Council there is nothing but wind.

The office holders controlled it.

Let New England organize a new council.

Preachers should not speak what the do not know.

Some people talk too much.

You should tell what you know some times.

Let those who can speak do so intelligently.

### Not Very Filling.

Mrs. Andrews was the most conscientious visitor of the district, but for various reasons she was not popular among the poor people whom she longed to help.

"I don't want to see that peaked-looking woman in my room again, nor I won't!" said the grandmother of the nine ragged Palmers.

"I read my Bible wid the best o' folks," went on the old lady, "but there's times for some things an' times for others, an' that Andrews woman is without the sense to know the one from the other. What was the motto she brought us yesterday, all in red and gold letters, and we with empty stomachs? 'Be filled with faith!'"—Youth's Companion.

### Danger in Mountain Climbing.

Danger is by no means an attraction to the true mountaineer. Some people may so affirm, but scarcely ever does an expert place himself in a dangerous situation, and if he does it is not from choice, and he does not like it. Sometimes he may take a risk, but seldom, unless all the chances are in favor of the climbing party and the possibility of accident exceedingly remote. What he does love is to eliminate by experience and skill all danger from a climb, which, to a novice, a clumsy worker or a party unsupplied with or neglecting to use proper equipment for mountaineering, would be hazardous or quite impossible.—Leslie's Monthly.

### Sticks and Sticks.

"Man is a peculiar animal," began Mrs. Farrant, as she squatted herself in one of the easy-chairs that stood about the heavily carpeted assembly room of the Woman's Husband Reform Association of America.

"What's the trouble now?" asked Mrs. Preisse.

"Why," replied Mrs. F., "before I was married my husband would carry my golf sticks for me willingly miles and miles—"

"Yes."

"And now he grumbles unmercifully when I ask him to go into the cellar and carry a few sticks of firewood upstairs for me."—N. Y. Times.

### Making Soft Wood Hard.

A Liverpool merchant is said to have discovered a process of hardening and toughening soft woods so that they can be used in place of naturally hard woods. The treatment consists in saturating the timber with a solution of sugar at the boiling point. The water is afterward evaporated out, leaving the pores and interstices of the wood filled with solid matter, which is not brittle and shows no tendency to split or crack. The process also preserves wood and renders it remarkably impervious to water. Even hard woods are said to be benefited by it.—Ccientific American.

### Before and After.

Citizen—When you were running for the place you were full of promises of what you would do for the public; now you don't seem to care a penny for the public.

Legislator—When I said I was ready to do anything the public wanted I thought my election was what the public desired. They've got that, and now they want a lot of other things. It looks as though the public would never be satisfied.—Boston Transcript.

### Not Enough to Worry About.

"One kiss," he said, with an effort, when Miss Brunet, the homely heiress, accepted him.

"Oh!" she giggled, "I hate to kiss a man with a mustache."

"Nonsense!" he replied. "Besides, your mustache isn't very heavy."—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Jamaica's Banana Crop.

About 20,000,000 bunches of bananas grow annually on the island of Jamaica. Four-fifths of this amount are exported, and the remainder is consumed as food by the natives. A bunch of bananas, containing about 300 specimens of the fruit, sells in Jamaica for 15 or 20 cents.

### Method in Her Madness.

"What on earth do you mean," her mother asked, "by urgin' your husband to get one of those outrageously high-priced Panama hats? Are you crazy to encourage such extravagance?"

"I shall want some more hats from time to time myself, mamma dear," the sweet young woman replied, "and he has always kicked so at the prices I pay."

"My darling! You always was such a hand for lookin' ahead. Let me kiss you."—Chicago Record-Herald.

### A Strained Position.

The fellow who wants to hold office
In quite a dilemma is found—
He can't keep his nose to the grindstone
And also his ear to the ground.
—N. Y. Times.

Whiskey $1.10 Per Gallon.

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"*CASPER'S STANDARD*" 10 Year old whiskey is a liquid joy! It is actually produced by honest Tar Heels in the Mountain Section of North Carolina by the old time process. Every drop is boiled over open furnance wood fires, in old style copper stills, in exactly the same way it was made by your grand-fathers a century ago. First rate whiskey is sold at $5 to $6 per gallon, but it is not any better than Pe ev [illegible] *ARD* It is th[illegible] best produced and must pleas[illegible]ery customer or we will buy it back with gold—we are incorporated Under the Laws of North Carolina, with an authorized capital of $100,000.00 and the Peoples National Bank and Piedmont Savings Bank of Winston-Salem, N. C., will tell you our guarantee is good. This is old honest, mild and mellow whiskey is worth one dollar a quart, but to more fully introduce "CASPER'S STANDARD" we offer sample shipments of this brand at half price, (packed in plain sealed boxes) 5 Quarts $2.95, 10 Quarts $5.00, Express Prepaid Anywhere in the United States. All orders and remittances (in stamps, cash or by check etc.,) as well as requests for confidential price list *must be addressed as follows:*

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Bacon—Ready and willing are synonymous terms, are they not?

Mr. Bacon—Not always. For instance, you are always willing to go to the theater, but you're not always ready.—Tit-Bits.

### Professional Opinion.

Softleigh—I say, doctah, do you—aw—believe that liquor really affects a man's brain?

Physician—Yes, if he has any. Otherwise it affects his legs.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

### Lights.

"Well, I suppose Rockefeller lives according to his lights."

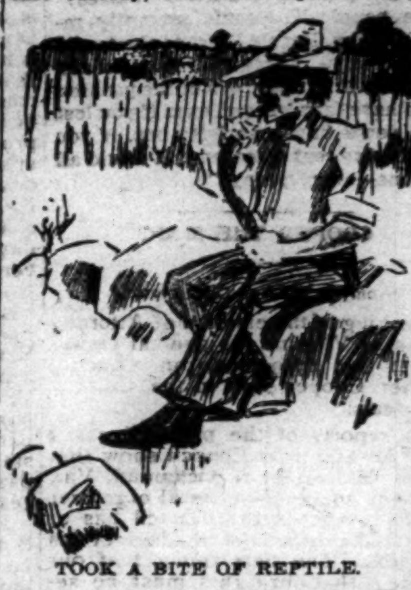
"I don't know. Sometimes I think other people's lights have more to do with it."—Detroit Free Press.

## EATS SNAKE AND GRASS.

### Man in New Jersey Explains to Horrified Cyclists That He Is Reincarnation of a Hog.

Bicyclists passing along the Hibernia turnpike near Beach Glen, N. J., the other morning saw a man sitting beside the road holding a squirming blacksnake in his hands. Suddenly they were horrified to see him lift the snake to his mouth and take a bite of it. This he ate with apparent satisfaction, and then picked up a handful of grass, which he also chewed vigorously, after which he took another bite of the reptile.

The authorities at Rockaway were notified and the man was at once taken into custody, but when captured only the head of the snake remained. The man gave his name as R. O. Gramby, and said that he had just finished his dinner of snake and grass.

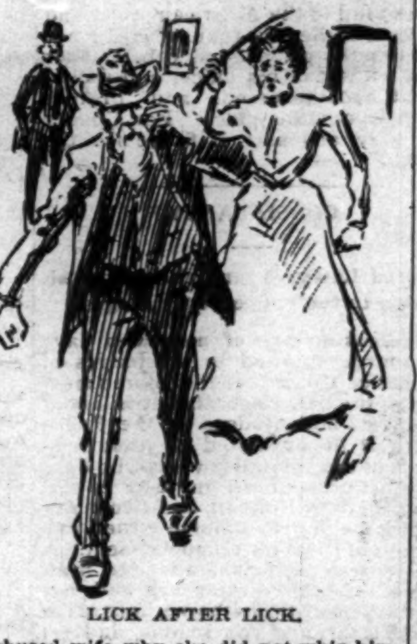

TOOK A BITE OF REPTILE.

Then he went on to explain that he was a follower of Mme. Blavatsky and believed in the theory of reincarnation. He said he was the reincarnation of a hog, which was the reason he had a fondness for snakes and grass. He said he distinctly remembered where he was in the form of a hog, some thousands of years ago, and that he was one of the herd of 2,000 swine mentioned in Mark v., 13, that were drowned in the sea because the devils which had been cast out entered the swine.

## WIFE WHIPS HUSBAND.

### Police Judge in Lexington, Ky., Orders Matrimonial Thrashing for Civil War Veteran.

Henderson Cass, Lexington, Ky., aged 76 years, a veteran of the civil war, was horsewhipped in public by his wife by the order of Police Judge Riley. The woman had lodged a complaint against her husband, claiming that he was squandering his pension money and was drunk a great deal of the time. He was brought into court and told Judge Riley that he wanted to have a good time. The Chicago Chronicle correspondent says the judge asked the abused wife why she did not whip him, and she said she could do it all right if he said she might. Judge Riley replied:


LICK AFTER LICK.

"Well, I will get you a whip and see that you do it."

He told Patrol Driver Wallace to bring him a buggy whip, and, arming the woman with the whip, he told her to march her husband into the station-house lobby and lay it on him until she got tired. The woman did so.

The husband at first took the matter as a joke and laughed, but soon he began to realize, after the woman began laying on lick after lick with full force that she was in earnest and he begged her to stop. He promised to be sober and a good husband and she stopped.

### [illegible]

Jaggles—Has old Roeksey picked out the college he's going to give all his money to?

Waggles—No. They offered to confer an A. M. upon him, but he is holding out for an LL. D.—Puck.

### A Non-Combatant.

"What is your position in the choir?" asked the new church member.

"Absolutely neutral," replied the mild tenor. "I don't side with either faction."—Philadelphia Press.

### And Going.

"Did you hear mother sing 'Home, sweet home' at the musicale?"

"Yes; and it was very effective. Everybody began thinking of home at once."—Judge.

### One Definition.

"What is success?"

"Success is the art of making such an impression that in time people will pay you for just looking wise."—Chicago Post.

### Three Causes of Happiness.

"Congratulate me, old chap; I'm the happiest man on earth to-day."

"Engaged, married or divorced?"—

## RAT WON THE FIGHT.

### Unique Contest at the North Carolina State Museum.

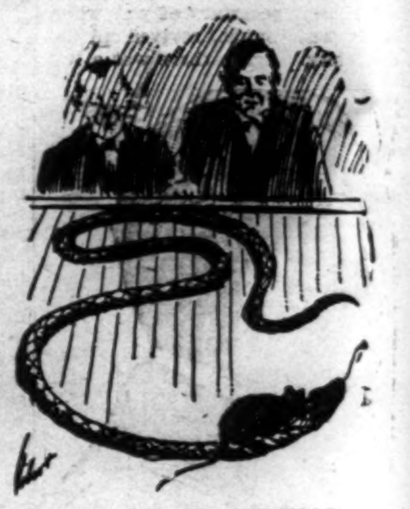
### Big Rodent and Five-Foot Bull Snake Engaged in a Three-Round Contest Which Certainly Was Worth Seeing.

At the last state fair in Raleigh, N. C., a traveling showman exhibited a woman snake charmer. He had several hundred live snakes in boxes for the use of his performer, which had been shipped to him by a snake farmer in Texas. The reptiles were of the nonpoisonous kind, and many of them were five feet long and two inches thick.

One of the places of the show was in a booth between the county courthouse and the United States post office building. One day after the show was over and the snake charmer and company had gone a bull snake of the size stated crawled out from where the booth had been to the sidewalk, and was seen and caught and carried to the state museum and turned over to the curator. The snake was pronounced a fine specimen of his species and appeared to be vicious.

About this time one of the employes of the museum was engaged in catching rats, and one morning he exhibited a large rat, much larger than is usually seen, and that looked like a good sized squirrel. Seeing what a magnificent fellow the rodent was it was decided to have a fight between the snake and the rat. The cage in which the snake was confined was about seven feet long and five feet wide and five high, with glass on the ends and on one side. This cage was cleaned out and the snake was put back, and he stretched out and lay as if asleep. The rat was then dropped in and he ran up into the corner near the tail of the snake to view the cage.

The snake apparently did not take any notice of the rat, but the rat soon took in the situation. His eyes were fixed on the snake and he was panting from excitement. Several minutes elapsed, and neither antagonist moved, and the spectators had begun to think there would be no fight, when the snake almost imperceptibly moved, and at this instant the rat sprang from the corner to the head of the snake, a distance of six feet—and seized the snake just behind his head and sank his teeth into his neck. Immediately the snake began to blow and hiss and to strike and throw his body about the cage in the effort to break the hold of the rat.


RAT GOT A STRONG HOLD.

This struggle lasted thirty seconds before the rat was dislodged, and the snake then struck viciously at him and made every exertion to get the rat in his mouth, but the rat dodged and escaped and ran around the cage until he again found the snake stretched out full length, this position being the opportunity which he sought, and he again sprang on the snake and fastened his teeth in the snake at the same place and held on.

Another struggle ensued more furious than the first one. The snake made frantic efforts to shake the rat loose. He would strike and throw himself about the cage and lash the cage with his tail, and blow and hiss and give out a sickening odor, but the rat clung to him with deathlike tenacity, and held on with his teeth and feet. This round lasted one minute. The rat was then dislodged and the snake made for him the second time. The snake struck at his opponent and chased him around the cage, the rat jumping about and dodging the blows of the snake and avoiding the mouth of the snake until the snake presented another opportunity of being stretched out in full length, and then the rat took advantage of this opening and for the third time he sprang on the snake and riveted his teeth in the snake at the same place. The struggle of the two former rounds was repeated. The time was one minute and five seconds before the hold of the rat was broken.

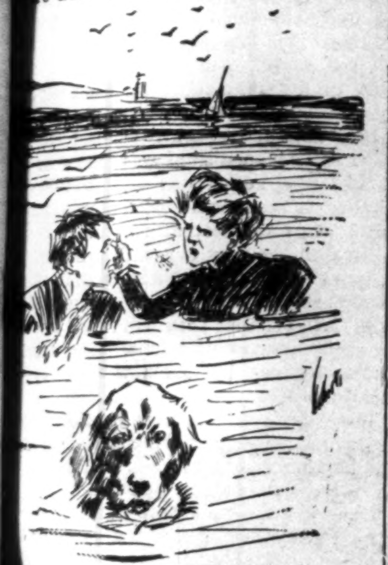
The snake, finding himself free from his enemy, crawled into one corner of the cage and coiled up, but did not renew the fight. The rat resumed his place in the corner he had originally chosen and stood there panting and trembling, but did not make another attack, and the victory was awarded to the rat, which was uninjured. His ears were then cropped so that they would know him if he was ever caught again, and for putting up such a gallant fight he was turned loose to roam the museum. The cage was bloody and an examination of the snake disclosed a severe wound through the neck, but this was soon cured. The snake is still in the

## STRUGGLE FOR LIFE.

### Helps a Man to Save a Woman from a Watery Grave at Coney Island.

undreds of persons on the beach at ey island saw a man and a Newdland dog rescue a drowning wo off the foot of Schweikert walk. r the rescuers had struggled back ough the waves to the shore and it certain that the woman's life had n saved, a mighty cheer went up m the crowd.

ulius Levey, one of the life guards ioned at the island, directed the res, and the faithful dog that valiantly t out and gave him much-needed asance was Jack, known as a good dog a good life-saver. Levey's face so badly scratched and bruised in struggle with the woman while they e hundreds of feet from the beach



SCRATCHED HIS FACE.

t he had to go to a physician for atment.

One of the strange features of the adture was the positive refusal of the man, who was neatly attired in a hting dress, to say who she was or ere she lived, although it was later rned that she came from the fashable district of Bath Beach. She and men, one middle-aged and the other ch younger, had been fishing in a catt, the Marie, which capsized in a rm.

The men managed to make their way k to the overturned boat, to which y clung.

The woman, however, sank in sight of e assemblage on the beach. Levey, all but wirey, broke through the owd and without hesitation leaped to to water. He had to swim a long stance, impeded by his clothing, before reached the exhausted woman. He as followed closely by Jack.

The woman attempted to clutch vey's neck, and in order to avoid this dived beneath her. She grasped the aggy hair of the dog's back, and when vey arose to the surface she seized m by the throat, and when he pulled ay she madly scratched his face and alt him a blow that closed his right e.

Levey was compelled to strike the man in the forehead to prevent her om causing her own death and his. He en swam to shore with her. The dog ized her skirt and thus lessened the rden.

When the woman was resuscitated her st thought was of the man who had sked his life for her. She gave a purse him and said that he would hear from r again.

## SHE TOOK THE JEWELS.

### ittsburg Prize Domestic Yielded to Temptation and Stole Four Diamond Rings.

"We have had our troubles over the rvant-girl problem, the same as the est of the world," said the Pittsburgr, "and whenever a new one comes to s we hope for a week or two that we ave found the lost jewel. A month go, when we made a change, the new irl took hold so well that there was ot one single fault to be found. My

HAD TAKEN THE RINGS.

wife was naturally more enthusiastic than I was, and at the end of a fortnight she wanted me to admit that the prize had been discovered at last. She said that the girl was tidy, respectful, truthful and industrious, and the only thing I could think of to reply was to hope that she wouldn't turn out to be a thief.

"'That is a shame and a slander!' exclaimed my wife. 'I'll test her tomorrow, and I'll wager any money she'll come out pure gold."

She tested her by leaving four diamond rings on the dresser while she went shopping, and when I came home at night my wife was in tears. The girl had taken the rings and sloped. I remarked that the test could have been made just as well with one ring, or even with a dollar bill, but up to the present time the words have not given her any comfort and we have had on trace of the girl."

## RACER AND RATTLER

### Snake with Poison Tooth Left Inside His Opponent.

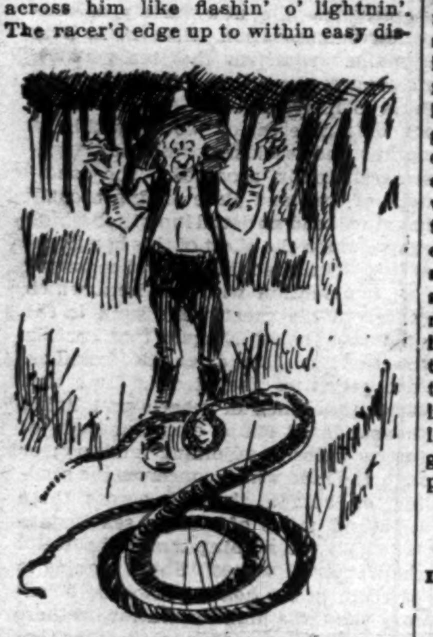
### Exciting Time Between a Big Blacksnake and a Venomous "Varmint" as Seen by a Truthful Pennsylvanian.

"Snakes," said a native of the Young Women's Town district of the Pine Creek spread of waters near Leidy, Pa., to a New York Sun correspondent, "'s curious critters, an some kind o' snakes, of course, is curiouser than others.

"Some folks say that one snake won't swaller another one. Maybe it won't, but if I didn't see a big blue racer git away with a rattler wunst about as slick as a gray drake ccould bolt a sucker, I'll eat your hat! I was over along the creek huntin', and heerd a rattlesnake, off in the scrub bushes, jest more than shakin' music outen his tail. I knowed that somethin' more than common must be goin' on, and I went over to see what it mowt be. I discovered a racer more than six foot long which had just begun to take his lunch off of a rattler half his length.

"He had the pizen pedler's head in his mouth, and was workin' the rest of him down into his hold. The rattle snake was switchin' his tail and wigglin' like a skinned eel. I grabbed a stick and punched the racer until he spit the rattler out and the rattler turned and started to get away in the brush. But the blue racer didn't calculate to lose his dinner, not if he could help it. He headed the rattler off every which way he'd turn, till by and by the venomous oritter stopped, throwed himself into a coil and showed fight.

"Then there was fun! That blue racer took on as if he was havin' more larks than a passel o' boys in swimmin'. He'd spring over the rattlesnake and stride around him in circles and zigzag across him like flashin' o' lightnin'. The racer'd edge up to within easy distance o' the rattlesnake and though a rattler strikes about as quick as a gun goes off, that racer'd dodge the fang every time, sometimes passin' under the rattlesnake's head, and sometimes jumpin' clean over it.



HAD JUST BEGUN HIS LUNCH.

"The pizen-toothed varmint's eyes looked like two sparks o' fire and his tongue played in and out of his mouth like a sewin' machine shuttle passin' to and fro. He had struck at the racer maybe a dozen times, the racer doin' the nicest kind o' ground and lofty tumblin' over him all the while, when he raised his head for another ugly dart, and the racer lassoed him as slick as a Mexican could 'a' slid his rope round a wild steer. He had throwed a loop of his limber body round the rattler's neck, and he held the wigglin' fang-shover as if he was in a vise. The rattlesnake's wind was soon shet off, and it wa'n't no use of his tryin' to strike, for the racer had him so's he couldn't turn his head.

"The rattlesnake give up his squirmin' before long, but he kep' right on soundin' his buttons. Then you ought to seen the cuteness o' that blue racer blacksnake! He slid his coil up to the rattler's head and pinned his mouth tight shet. While he held the rattlesnake that way he throwed his own jaws open, and they could 'a' took in a full-sized rabbit, and then shoved the rattler's head in and closed down on to it. Then slidin' his coil down the rattler's body he crammed the whole business in after the head.

"The rattles never stopped rattlin' till they disappeared in the blacksnake's maw. In a little more than ten minutes' time that blue racer had pizen enough stowed away inside of him to kill a team o' tannery mules. It didn't kill him, though, nor it wouudn't 'a'. But I flattened his head with a club and took him and his contents home."

### Policy Instead of Passport.

A story has just reached the state department at Washington of a novel use to which a life insurance policy was recently put by an American traveling in Russia. The citizen in question had neglected to provide himself with a passport, and when he arrived at the borders of the czar's domains he was held up by an official with a demand for his passport. For an instant the American was stumped, but he quickly rose to the emergency. Diving into his inside pocket, he pulled out his life insurance policy, and handed it to the Russian. The latter gravely looked the paper over, carefully scrutinizing the imposing looking seal, and the array of signatures. With a satisfied air he handed back the paper, and the American passed in.

### How Iron Is Galvanized.

Galvanized iron is merely iron dipped in molten zinc. The coating is not applied electrically, as the term galvanized seems to imply.

## "GOLDEN RULE" JONES.

### Toledo's Famous Mayor Is the Strangest Figure in the Political Life of Our Country.

Samuel M. Jones, who was recently elected mayor of Toledo, O., for the fourth successive term, and has been thrice reelected as an independent against the candidates of both of the great parties, was born in Wales in 1846, and brought to this country by his parents when three years old. He was compelled by the poverty of his family to become a wage earner when a mere child. When 18 years old he entered the oil fields in a newly opened Pennsylvania district; and later became the inventor and manufacturer of an improved oil well appliance. His manufacturing business has been conducted in Toledo, O. He took no part in political life until 1897, when his popularity as an employer led to his nomination as mayor on the republican ticket. As an employer he won the name of "Golden Rule" Jones by his insistence that no other rule was needed in the management of employes, and the same rule has been his watchword in the administration of public affairs. His interpretation of this rule has often alienated the support of good people, but no one has ever questioned his sincerity or kindness of spirit. Nearly all of his political views have grown out of his belief that all the people are essentially equal and entitled to equal consideration. This is at the bottom of his advocacy of the public ownership of monopolies, which, says the Outlook, has marked his administration from the beginning. It is also at the bottom of his hatred of the rule of political machines—a hatred which has led him to denounce all party organization and conduct his last campaigns as "the man without a party."

HON. SAMUEL M. JONES.
(Mayor of Toledo, O., Who Does Not Believe in Party Rule.)

## CAROLA OF SAXONY.

### Dowager Queen Is the Last Representative of the Famous Swedish House of Wasa.

Traveling incognito in the Riviera just now, going about in deep mourning and avoiding completely the gay society that would be delighted to do her honor, is a handsome woman of 60, who has lately laid aside one crown, who should be the wearer by right of dscent of another crown, and who but for the intervention of Russia would have had another crown.

She is Queen Carolina of Saxony, widow of the king whose death some two years ago brought to the throne his brother, chiefly distinguished as the father-in-law of the lately exiled Crown Princess Louise of Saxony. It is probably an unhappy thing for Saxony that the charming Queen Carolina —or Carola, as she is usually called —never had any children.

DOWAGER QUEEN CAROLA.
(Saxon Royal Lady Who Might Have Been the Wearer of Three Crowns.)

She is the last represantative of the Swedish royal house of Wasa founded by the great King Gustavus Adolphus, and if the French Gen. Bernadotte had not been thrust upon the Swedish throne by Napoleon, the gracious Carola would doubtless be queen of Sweden to-day. Furthermore her grandmother, Stephania Beauharnais, was the adopted daughter of Napoleon I. and Princess Carola was the bride picked out for himself by Napoleon III. when he became emperor of the French. Russia, however, wouldn't listen to the idea, and, without having any choice in the affair herself, the beautiful girl was hastily wedded to the present prince of Saxony, who succeeded to the throne in 1873.

### Woman Expert in Woodcraft.

A remarkably clever little woman is Miss Emma Kellogg, of Colorado. She wants to be a game warden, and states as her qualifications that she once lassoed a young bear and brought it home alive, has hunted mountain lions, deer and elk, and is well varsed in woodcraft.

## A REAL BOY WONDER

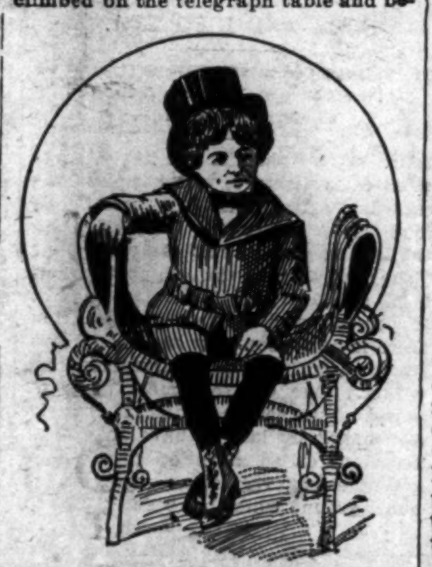
### Four-Year-Old Telegraph Operator Out in Oklahoma.

### Went to Work When He Was Two, Says His Father—Now He Has Fun on the Wires with Other Operators.

There is a child at Watonga, Okla., that makes the conventional prodigy seem ordinary. Compared with this boy wonder the precocious youngsters who whistle patriotic songs at three and play dance music on the piano six months later, are backward. In Watonga no mother who has heard of Glenn B. Peck says anything about her own four-year-old who may recite four prayers or the multiplication table through the twos. Glenn is the up-to-date child wonder, he is a born telegrapher. He has been a telegrapher about two years, having taken up the work when he was two years of age. This is what Glenn's father, agent for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway at Watonga, says about the young lightning jerker:

"Glenn was four years old the 23d of last January. I am an old telegrapher, having worked at telegraphing for the last 12 years. Glenn's mother has worked as telegrapher for the last eight years, and is at present employed by the Rock Island company.

"Glenn began to learn telegraphy at the age of two years. The first time we noticed it was when central office was beating 'time' at noon. He was playing in the office and ran into another room calling to his mother that Herington was giving 'time.' Always after he was able to tell when 'time' was given and eagerly watched for it. He kept right at it and frequently he would call out some word he heard on the wire, and all this time, understand, he had not learned the Morse alphabet. We had never as yet taught him to 'send' nor had we the slightest idea that he could do so, but one day he climbed on the telegraph table and began to call a near-by office and sign our office call at regular intervals the same as an old telegrapher would do. We questioned him as to what office he was calling and he promptly named it and also told us what letters it took to make the office call. From that day he kept on improving very rapidly, or, perhaps I should say, it naturally came to him. He would pronounce difficult words when he would hear them on wire. And he would spell words correctly on the wire that he could not spell otherwise.



MASTER GLENN B. PECK.
(Only Four Years of Age, But an Expert Telegraph Operator.)

"Imagine our surprise when we came in the office one day and he promptly told us he heard the train dispatcher give a train order and that Nos. 153 and 154 would meet at Watonga. We inquired into this and found out he was correct. Glenn did not study nor was he taught. Now he can read a train order correctly, tell when operators are sending their wire car reports and tell when Watonga's turn comes. He can tell when other operators 'O. S.' their trains, what office is reporting and the number of the train.

"He frequently calls up Wichita and asks them '5,' which means: 'Have you anything for us?' Very often he calls up other offices and tells them to 'copy.' He will call all of the offices he can raise and then, after he gets them all lined up ready to 'copy'—they thinking it is an all-agent message—he will tell them '25,' which means he is busy on another wire.

"Other operators cannot tell his work from that of the regular operator, as he does not send 'hammy,' like all beginners, but he makes his letters correctly, exactly like an old telegrapher. A few days ago he called up Geary station and told the operator to 'copy.' The Geary operator told him to wait a minute till he got his 'mill,' and when he had his typewriter ready he told Glenn to go ahead. Glenn then told him '25.'

"The operators at the Wichita Western Union office call him nearly every day. They are very much surprised at him, and it is very hard to make any operator believe he is talking to a little boy four years old. The Wichita operators can now tell his 'hand' from either his mother's or mine; they often call him and ask him to tell some other office on another wire to answer them for a message. He promptly replies 'Art' (all right), and immediately gets on the other wire and calls the office. If successful [illegible] them, he tells them to [illegible] No. 2 wire.

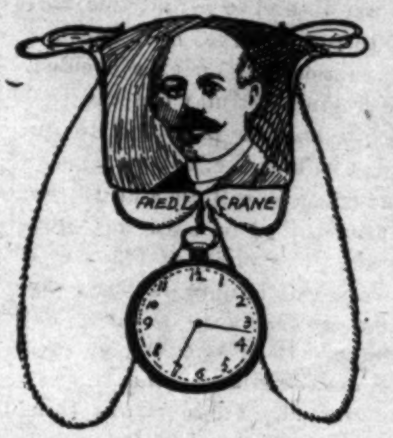
"I b[illegible] in saying that Glen[illegible] telegrapher in the [illegible] gest one that was eve[illegible] n cut out and in the [illegible] when the wire is open he can test the wire by 'grounding' and locate in which direction the wire is open."

## PAUL REVERE'S WATCH.

### Timepiece Carried by Bold Bostonian on His Midnight Ride Is Still in Running Order.

The watch which Paul Revere carried on his midnight ride 128 years ago is still a serviceable timepiece, and is owned by Frederick Lincoln Crane, of Malden, Mass. This relic, pronounced by expert antiquarians to be undoubtedly what it is claimed, fell into Mr. Crane's hands something over a year ago by a very interesting chain of circumstances.

Paul Revere left this watch by will to his son, Joseph Revere, who in turn passed it down to Col. Frederick W. Lincoln, of Canton, his nephew, and the grandson of the revolutionary scout. This Col. Lincoln was for many years the head of the Revere Copper company's work in Canton, the industry, it will be remembered, with which Paul Revere was so long connected.



PAUL REVERE'S WATCH.
(Valuable Historical Relic and the Man Who Owns It Now.)

Frederick W. Lincoln, afterward mayor of Boston, was adopted by Col. Lincoln, and because of this, as well as because he was the patriot Paul's great-grandson, he would have been the natural heir to the watch. Just here, however, an interesting bit of romance came in to divert the relic to the present owner.

Col. Lincoln had in Dr. Phineas Miller Crane, late of East Boston, the father of Mr. Crane, of Malden, a friend as dear to him as Damon was to Pythias.

Often Dr. Crane had admired the Paul Revere watch, and in his love for the timepiece his bride heartily shared. This fact he let drop to Col. Lincoln one day in the course of conversation, proposing, half in jest, that he sell him the watch, to give his fiancee the day she became his wife.

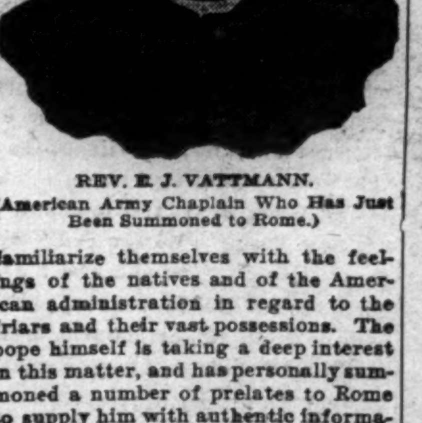
Naturally Col. Lincoln was averse to letting the watch go to one not of the Revere blood, but his friend's request seemed to offer to him an admirable opportunity to set the seal on a friendship which had meant much to them both, as well as to Miss Dwight, so he consented to part with the watch, and it became the property, the day she became Mrs. Crane, of the woman both men wished to please.

The number of the watch, which is in an 18-carat gold case, is 24,650, and that it was well made is demonstrated by the fact that to-day, 128 years after the night it served the owner on his famous ride, it keeps good time.

## SUMMONED TO ROME.

### American Army Chaplain Consulted Regarding Catholic Affairs in the Philippines.

The interests of the Roman Catholic hierarchy in the Philippine islands are varied and important, and the vatican officials are doing all in their power to familiarize themselves with the feelings of the natives and of the American administration in regard to the friars and their vast possessions. The pope himself is taking a deep interest in this matter, and has personally summoned a number of prelates to Rome to supply him with authentic information. Among the most popular churchmen who have been called to the vatican to throw light on the Philippine situation is Rev. Edward J. Vattmann, who is now a guest of the pontiff. Father Vattmann is the senior of the 11 Roman Catholic chaplains in the United States army, and was formerly stationed with the Fourth infantry at Fort Sheridan, Ill. He has been an army chaplain since 1877, and has served through several campaigns against the Sioux and the war with Spain. During most of this period he has been with the Fourth regiment, and has been especially active in promoting sobriety among the soldiers of the post. He is 62 years of age, was graduated at the University of Paderborn, and came to this country in 1865.



REV. E. J. VATTMANN.
(American Army Chaplain Who Has Just Been Summoned to Rome.)

### Took Bad News Coolly.

Willie O'Brien, aged eight years, of White Plains, N. Y., was run over by a freight train and lost his right leg. On fully comprehending the extent of his injury, he amazedly exclaimed: "Hully gee, I'm one-legged now!"

## COMEDY IN COURTROOM.

### Couple That Had Parted Drawn Together While Witnesses in an Important Case.

Cupid dried his eyes and laughed at a marital tragedy that wound up in a happy comedy in a courtroom at Macon, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pryor, a young couple who had been separated for six or eight months, were in court as witnesses in a state case.

Since her withdrawal from her husband's roof Mrs. Pryor has been staying with an excellent family at the colliery town of Keota. She was escorted by Shafer Ford, a young man who had been keeping company with her the past two or three months, and who was waiting the adjudication of the divorce case to marry her.

Mrs. Pryor is a very pretty young woman of about 20, and was handsomely dressed. On the witness stand she was subjected to a long and severe cross-examination by a young branch of the law. When she left the stand she was faint and weak. She walked to an unoccupied room in the rear of the auditorium.

BILLING AND COOING.

Pryor's quick eye detected that something was the matter and he hurried after her. When a bailiff went to summon him he found them billing and cooing like young lovers. It was the first time they had met for a long time, and all previous efforts at a reconciliation had missed fire. Pryor went on the stand and there was a strong ring in his voice that was entirely new.

After the case was over Mrs. Pryor told her friend who had driven her down from Keota that she had decided to remain in Macon. He said something about presents and she promised to return them. The divorce bill has been recalled.

## FOUGHT LIKE TIGERS.

### Indian Women, in Love with Same White Man, Slash Each Other Without Mercy.

For the love of a white man, a cowboy, two Crow Indian women have fought a duel to the death, knives being the weapons. Details of the battle, which took place out 30 miles on the reservation, have just reached Livingston, Mont., and from all accounts it was one of the most furious combats that ever has taken place in Montana.

"Bob" Wilson, a tall, handsome young fellow, employed on the Double Bar X ranch, the other side of the reservation, is the man in the case. He had made love to both the women, it appears, and had promised to marry them. The two Indian women were cousins, and when they learned that Wilson was paying attention to both of them there was trouble. Neither was willing to give up the man, so it was agreed to settle the matter with knives, in the presence of a large number of the tribe. A spot on Willow creek, which runs through the reservation, was chosen as the battle ground. The women met there by agreement, each one accompanied by several of her friends.

THERE WAS TROUBLE.

Stripped to the waist, the combatants prepared for the fray. There was no referee, as all realized that it was to be a battle to the death. For nearly half an hour the fight went on, both women being slashed in a fearful manner.

Neither one would yield, and their friends did not feel called on to interfere in the trouble. Finally both women dropped to the ground, exhausted, and when cared for it was found that both had received fatal wounds, from which they died a short time later.

# The Bee.

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W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

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## YELLOWS AGAINST BLACKS.

### Social Boycott Begun by the "Tans" in South Carolina Town.

Special to the Washington Post.

Columbia, S.C., July 24—A social boycott has been ordered in Georgetown. The mulattoes have declared that they intend to draw the color line against their darker brothers, and will have no more of him in their social and religious assemblies. What has occasioned this decree on the part of the "tans" is not known, but it has caused the blacks to resent it in the strongest terms the vaunted claim to superiority by those of a mixed race.

The first move in the campaign by the mulattoes was the effort to have the black preachers removed from the various churches in the city, and to fill their places with ministers of yellow skin. Beginning with this the boycott has spread through the whole colored social fabric, and has involved the entire colored community. Sometimes it happens that there are in the same family those of yellow and of black skin, and then there must necessarily arise much embarrassment in determining the social leadership of the household.

The most important victory won thus far has been the successful outcome of the attempt of the tans to remove the black editor of the Advocate, the Negro organ. He was deposed from his position, and a yellow editor put in his place. This has greatly encouraged the yellows, and the next turn of affairs is awaited with much show of anxiety on the part of the negroes, aud of curiosity with the whites, who are amused on-lookers in the contest.

There is a great deal of talk among the whites about the "yellow" negro. There are few yellow negroes, as they are called in the several departments of the government who will not recognize each other, hence it is not natural for them to recognize the dark tanned negro.

The editor of The Bee never knows that he is tanned colored until he gets in company of not only the yellow negro but the black negro, who continually remind him that he is colored. He is never troubled about his color, indeed never thinks about his color until he is told so by the yellow or black negro He travels where he pleases except in a "Jim crow" car. He i treated with the same respect and consideration as his white brother. Color never bothers him. It is only the common yellow negro who is anxious o pass for white The negro who is born in lawful wedlock be he yellow or black will treat his fellow man with respect and consideration In the Post office department there are two half white negroes from South Carolina who would have people to believe that they are white. In the War department you will find another from Mississippi. By the way there is another Mississippi yellow negro in the Post office department who stands upon the corner of public streets endeavoring to flirt with white ladies. It will not be surprising to The Bee to see Major Sylvester's guardians of the peace escort this individual to the Police court one of these days. The yellow negro is in his own way and all of hem come from the South.

### Senator Tillman Hissed.

Special to the Washington Post.

Madison, Wis., July 27.—Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, was hissed this afternoon in the first joint debate on the negro problem with Senator Burton, of Kansas, at the Monona Lake Assembly. Tillman, in reply to Senator Burton's statement that the black man was the only one who could look the white man in the face and live, said: "Yes, but if he ever looks him in the face in the South and aspires to govern him or be his social equal, he will be met with shot gun and bayonet."

Senator Tillman's contention was that the fifteenth amendment must be wiped out. Senator Burton followed Tillman with an argument centering around the one point of equality before the law, his contention being that the Southern States or any State might make a high standing for voting, either a property or educational qualification, or both; but when the standard was once made it should apply with equal and exact certainty to both races.

If there ever was a fool in this country it is Ben. Tillman of South Carolina. He has invaded the sacred precincts of Wisconsin to abuse the colored man. This man must be an eye sore to this venemous snake of South Carolina. Just how long the people of this country intend to permit this animal to run at large, is a question that cannot at present be decided. The Negro hater may use the shot gun; he may be permitted to run at large but the day will soon come when he will die a death that will cause dogs to bark and owls shreak. The advice of The Bee is to allow this animal its full sway. If he is unable to see his way through with his one eye let some good old christian brother or sister give him aid. There is one thing certain that Tillman would not be permitted to make but one speech against any other race before some one would be writing his abituary. It is so strange when a colored man talks about using the shot gun to defend himself, the entire country, negroes in the lead, are up in arms. But when Tillman tells you how he uses the gun in South Carolina to prevent the Negro from aspiring, he is only hissed. But, this is the great government of the free and home of the brave. This is the country that asks Russia to protect the Jews and at the same time murder the colored man.

## QUALIFIED SUFFRAGE.

The people of this city have had all kinds of governments and none seem to be successful for reasons not explained. The Bee believes in giving to the people the power to elect their own rulers. There is no reason that our rulers should be men of no character neither should they be men of extravagant ideas. Now suppose Congress at its next session should decide to restore to the people of the District the ballot, what kind of suffrage would be suggested? The best that The Bee can suggest is qualified suffrage, property and education Those who have no property and want to vote will soon hustle and accumulate some. There again the edu[illegible] would make the ignorant study to know right from wrong. With these two qualifications the property owners would have no fear of being outvoted by what they have heretofore feared, ignorant whites and blacks who previously disgraced the city government. Let us have qualified suffrage

## GET RID OF THAT COLLAR.

After all, we must give the Boston boys, Ferris Trotter and Forbes credit. They mean well. hey are misguided, as often young men are. Next year they will be allright. We have these kind of boys right here in Georgia.—Atlanta Age.

All negroes who have any just conception of freedom give them credit. Fer Trotter and Forbes are right now, and they will be found next year advocating human rights and ex osing negro traitors as th y are now doing "Misguided" are they? Misg about what? On what subject are they wrong? Furnish us a bill of particulars, brother Pledger. You are too good a man to wear "a brass ring, resembli a dog's collar, soldered fast around your neck [illegible] as to for no impediment to your breathing, yet so tight as to be incapa le of being removed, excepting by the use of a file," and bearing the inscription "William of Georgia, is the born thrall of Booker of Tuskegee." come Pledger, take your place among the sons of freedom, where you belong.

## NOT IN THE TRUST.

The Health department of the District is to be complimented for the interest he takes in the health of the citizens of Washington. Dr. Woodward is determined that the people shall not die from the effects of bad food. The Purity ice company of which Mr. J. E. McGraw is president and manager is equally determined to see that the citizens receive pure ice and plenty of coal coke and wood. The coal panic of last winter never affected this establishment Mr. McGraw made good all orders made previous to the strike. Not in the trust, is the tocsin of the Purity ice company. In another column of The Bee will be seen the advertisement of the company which it is hoped will be read. Phone [illegible] E. 859. Do not delay.

## RECORDER DANCY.

Recorder J. C. Dancy went a long way out of the path of virtue when he misrepresented Booker Washington and other quasi leaders t Judge Richardson. When did Mr. Dancy become Washington's constituent? Has he been fitted with his calling also? Indeed!! And Et tu Brute? Next.

Wherever Booker Washington is present liberty is crushed and discussion stifled. At Louisville in July every tevel of paliamentry law was violated. At Nashville in August the same thing will occur. Booker cannot bear to have any one share the center of the stage with him.

## ON ALL SIDES.

From the Pine Bluff Herald.

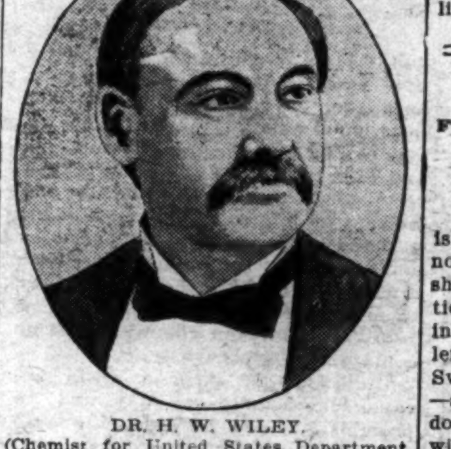
T. Thomas Fortune is a lucky fellow. He has belonged to every political party in the country and yet, notwithstanding that truth, he sucks some of the fattest cows in the republican corn field.

The negro p litician should follow the example of Editor Fortune.

## SODA AND ICED TEA.

### Dr. Wiley, Chemist of Department of Agriculture, Declares Their Use Simple Suicide.

Dr. Wiley, chemist for the department of agriculture, who has just concluded the first of the tests relative to food preservatives and their effect on the human system, said the other day: "The devil lurks in the soda water fountain, and iced tea is simply suicide. If persons would only use precaution there is no reason why one should suffer more with sickness in summer than winter. One of the most flagrant causes of sickness in summer is entirely overlooked by law. I have on several occasions called attention to the danger of eating vegetables grown on or under ground which has been exposed to contamination by sewerage, city waste or garbage."



DR. H. W. WILEY.
(Chemist for United States Department of Agriculture.)

Asked if meat is unhealthy in hot weather, he said: "Meat is much more easily digested than starchy vegetables, and is both nutritious and condimental. Vegetables are watery and furnish little nutriment, their qualities being condimental and mechanical. Meat, good bread, potatoes, and milk free from germs is the diet to be relied upon at all times for good health. Good bread should be the foundation of every meal, and too much care cannot be given to its preparation. Bread should be at least a day old before it is eaten, if not older.

"If poor persons, especially the very poor, would take more cereal food and less meat they would be better off physically and financially. For instance, wheat costs three cents a pound, as against 15 cents for beef. The pound of wheat contains only 10 per cent. moisture, while the pound of beef is more than half moisture. You get more than twice the nourishment from three cents' worth of wheat than you do from the pound of beef. Eat more bread and wheat and less meat is a good rule for hot weather. Man can live by bread alone, while upon meat alone he would soon die.

"How about summer drinks?" said Dr. Wiley, disdainfully. "They are snares of the devil. The custom of constantly dosing the stomach with ice-cold drinks in summer is simply suicidal. The extreme cold contracts the pores through which the pepsin is secreted and tends to congest the cords of the stomach. When thirsty in hot weather one should drink water at from 60 to 65 degrees. Drink slowly and all you want, and you will find that water at this temperature quenches the thirst much better than iced water."

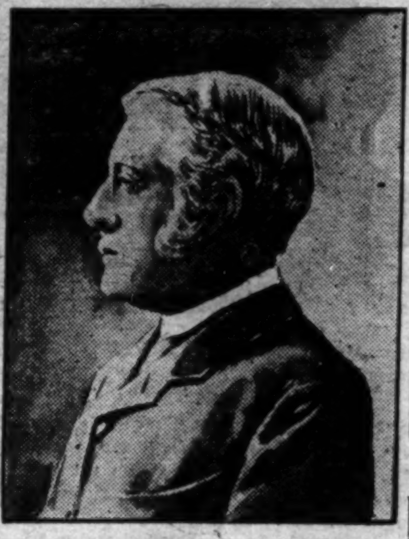
**Cats are scarce in Winchester, Mass.** The superintendent of the state fowl hatchery, finding that the animals wrought great havoc among his poultry, fixed up wires, and at night ran a powerful electric current through them. During the past two years over 100 cats have been electrocuted.

# President Eliot on Education

## Comprehensive View of Latter-Day Ideals Given Before National Educational Association.

THE horizon of the human intellect has widened wonderfully since the beginning of the nineteenth century. The most convinced exponents and advocates of humanism now recognize that science is the "paramount force of the modern as distinguished from the antique and the medieval spirit" (John Addington Symonds—Culture), and that "an interpenetration of humanism with science and of science with humanism is the condition of the highest culture."

We have become convinced that some intimate, sympathetic acquaintance with the natural objects of the earth and sky adds greatly to the happiness of life, and that this acquaintance should be begun in childhood and be developed all through adolescence and maturity. A brook, a hedgerow, or a garden is an inexhaustible teacher of wonder, reverence and love. We proceed to examine four elements of culture:



CHARLES W. ELIOT.
(President of Harvard and Most Noted American Educator.)

Character.—The moral sense of the modern world makes character a more important element than it used to be in the ideal of a cultivated man. Now character is formed, as Goethe said, in the "stream of the world," not in stillness or isolation, but in the quick-moving tides of the busy world, the world of nature and the world of mankind. To the old idea of culture some knowledge of history was indispensable. The rising generation should think hard, and feel keenly, just where the men and women who constitute the actual human world are thinking and feeling most to-day.

Language.—A cultivated man should express himself by tongue or pen with some accuracy and elegance; therefore linguistic training has had great importance in the idea of cultivation. The conditions of the educated world have, however, changed so profoundly since the revival of learning in Italy that our inherited ideas concerning training in languages and literature have required large modifications. In the year 1400 it might have been said with truth that there was but one language of scholars, the Latin, and but two great literatures, the Hebrew and the Greek. Since that time, however, other great literatures have arisen, the Italian, Spanish, French, German and above all the English, which has become incomparably the most extensive and various and the noblest of literatures. Under these circumstances it is impossible to maintain that a knowledge of any particular literature is indispensable to culture.

The Store of Knowledge.—In the eighteenth century a diligent student with a strong memory and quick powers of apprehension need not have despaired of mastering a large fraction of this store of knowledge. Long before the end of the nineteenth century such a task had become impossible. Culture, therefore, can no longer imply a knowledge of everything—not even a little knowledge of everything. It must be content with general knowledge of some things, and a real mastery of some small portion of the human store. Here is a profound modification of the idea of cultivation which the nineteenth century has brought about.

Imagination.—The only other element in cultivation which time will permit to treat is the training of the constructive imagination. The educated world needs to recognize the new variety of constructive imagination. Zola in "La Bete Humaine" contrives that ten persons, all connected with the railroad from Paris to Havre, shall be either murderers, or murdered, or both, within 18 months, and he adds two railroad slaughters criminally procured. The conditions of time and place are ingeniously imagined, and no detail is omitted which can heighten the effect of this homicidal fiction. Contrast this kind of constructive imagination with the kind which conceived the great wells sunk in the solid rock below Niagara that contain the turbines that drive the dynamos, that generates the electric force that turns thousands of wheels and lights thousands of lamps over hundreds of square miles of adjoining territory; or with the kind which conceives the sending of human thought across three thousand miles of stormy sea instantaneously, on nothing more substantial than ethereal waves. There is going to be room in the hearts of twentieth century men for a high admiration for these kinds of imagination, as well as for that of the poet, artist or dramatist.

## THE RICHEST PRINCESS.

### Future Queen of Denmark Is Worth $15,000,000 in Carefully Invested Funds.

The crown princess of Denmark, who is now in Paris with her husband, is not celebrated for her good looks, but she has the more permanent distinction of being the richest royal princess in Europe. Her royal highness was left by her mother, the late queen of Sweden, a fortune of 60,000,000 marks—about 15,000,000 of our democratic dollars—and this legacy, through being wisely invested, is said to have increased to an even more impressive sum.

And not only is the future queen of Denmark distinguished for her wealth, but she is generally spoken of as the tallest of European royal women. She is over six feet, and it has been noticed during her recent stay in Paris—where, by the way, both she and the crown prince are exceedingly popular—that at no matter what aristocratic function her royal highness is present, she towers above all the rest of the company in a fashion wonderful to behold.

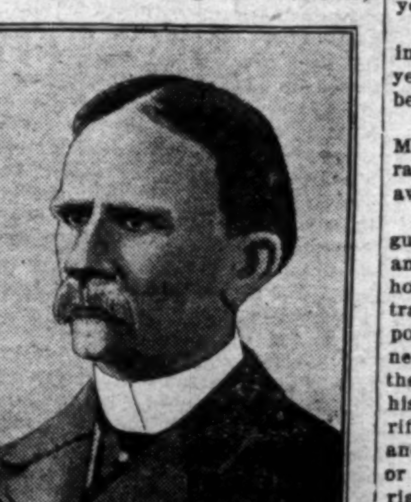
As mother of no less than eight children, she would have the hearty approval of President Roosevelt, whose good opinion, by the way, is beginning to be valued, even by royalties. The crown princess has four sons and four daughters, the youngest of them all being little Princess Dagmar, who was born in 1890. Most of his mother's fortune will pass to the princess' eldest son, Prince Christian, who married, in 1898, Princess Alexandria, sister of the reigning grand duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin. The crown princess' second son, Prince Henry, also is a benedict, having espoused, in 1896, Princess Maud of Wales, the youngest daughter of King Edward VII.

CROWN PRINCESS OF DENMARK.
(Said to Be the Richest Royal Woman in Europe.)

## JOHN D. ZIMMERMAN.

### One of the Most Prominent Democratic Leaders of Ohio and a Man of Vast Wealth.

John D. Zimmerman, who has announced his candidacy for the democratic nomination for governor of Ohio, and who is likely to be the nominee by acclamation, is an Ohioan by birth, 48 years of age, and one of the leading lawyers of the state. He graduated at Wittenberg college, Springfield, O., in 1879, and began the practice of law in Springfield three years later. He has always been a democrat, and in 1898 was defeated for congress in a district normally 5,000 republican. He has accumulated a large fortune.



JOHN D. ZIMMERMAN.
(Prominent Ohio Democrat Who Would Like to Be Governor.)

**Soft Woods Made Hard.**

A Liverpool chemist has discovered a process for hardening and toughening soft woods so that they can be used in place of naturally hard woods. The treatment consists in saturating the timber with a solution of sugar at the boiling point. Even hard woods are said to be benefited by it.

**Elephants as Nurses.**

In Siam some of the women intrust their children to the care of elephant nurses, and it is said that the trust is never betrayed. The babies play about the huge feet of the elephants, who are very careful never to hurt their little charges.

**What a Strenuous Life Is.**

A New York schoolboy asked his father what was meant by "a strenuous man." The father promptly replied: "A strenuous man, my son, is a man who does half a day's work and then spends the rest of the day talking about it."

## GIRL SLAYS JAGUAR

### How Fanny Ney Became One of the Heroines of Texas.

### By Killing the Monarch of Packsaddle Mountain She Won a Husband as Well as a Rare Hunting Trophy.

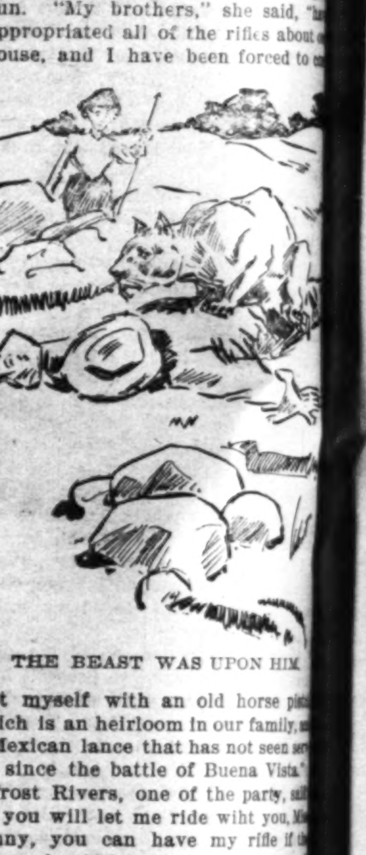
The monarch of the Packs mountains has been slain and ranchers of the valleys are rejoic and loud in their praises of the br young woman who put an end to career of the beast.

The old monarch was a mons jaguar, one of the largest and fier of the species that was ever killed Texas. He had preyed upon the her and flocks of the Packsaddle ranch and terrorized the people of that secti for five years. Big rewards were fered at different times for his scal and old hunters with large pack trained hounds frequently pursued

A neighborhood hunt was finally ganized and notice was sent to ev rancher in the Packsaddle mount and valleys to meet at designated calities on the next day with arms dogs. Few people had any faith in successful termination of the ch from the fact that they had failed so many former occasions. The hunt, however, had one new elem the women.

The young women were particula in earnest, and they repaired early the various meeting places, well mou ed, and most of them well armed.

Chance and Cupid here joined han Miss Fanny Ney, a granddaughter brother of Napoleon's favorite marsh was one of the most determined spirited of the crowd of hunters. was one of the first to arrive on ground. She was mounted an a mag ficent horse, but she complained she had been unable to secure a gun. "My brothers," she said, " appropriated all of the rifles about house, and I have been forced to con



THE BEAST WAS UPON HIM

tent myself with an old horse pi which is an heirloom in our family, a Mexican lance that has not seen ice since the battle of Buena Vista."

Frost Rivers, one of the party, "If you will let me ride wiht you, Fanny, you can have my rifle if jaguar should happen to come our way." The vivacious young girl accepted young hunter's offer.

They had hardly reined their poni in the narrow mountain pass before th yelping of the dogs on a hot trail coul be plainly heard.

"He is coming this way!" exclaime Miss Fanny, as the monarch of th range sprang into the pass not ten ste away.

Rivers was quick enough with h gun, but his pony reared and wheel and his shot went wild. He was a goo horseman, but his attention was di tracted by the danger of the girl, who pony was plunging, and as he fired t next shot he felt himself hurled fr the saddle, and before he could reg his feet the beast was upon him. rifle had been knocked from his han and he was struggling to get his pist or knife, when the jaguar seized h right arm.

Miss Ney slipped from her saddl and, with the old horse pistol in on hand and the lance in the other, she r to the rescue of her fallen compan Going close to the mad beast, s pressed the gun close behind his for shoulder and fired. The big ball tor hole through his body, but it mis his heart. Quivering with pain rage, the jaguar reared back on h haunches, preparatory to springing the girl's throat.

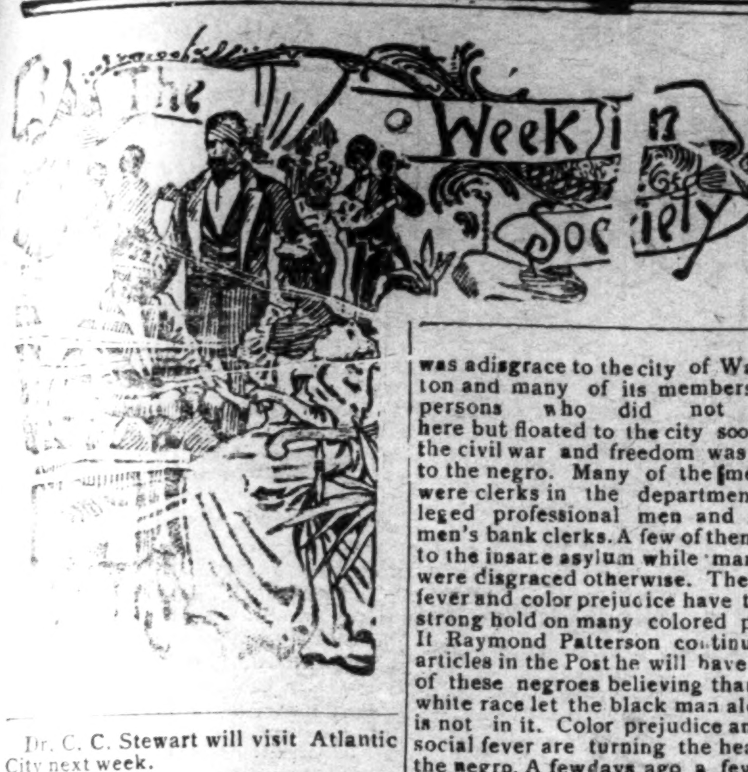
Miss Ney's activity saved her li The moment she fired she dropped pistol and, springing backwards a f steps, she seized the lance with bo hands and assumed an attitude of d fense. The jaguar no sooner raised h head than she lunged towards him. aim was true and the steel point sharp. Just as the jaguar was in t act of leaping the lance touched h breast and the brave girl pressed t steel into his heart with all h strength.

Mr. Rivers' clothing was torn shreds and his arm was seriously man gled, but Miss Ney proved to be an e pert at nursing, and before the oth hunters arrived at the pass she h succeeded in binding up the wounds her companion.

The monster jaguar's hide was strip ped from the carcass, and if the peopl are guessing right the monarch of th Packsaddle range will some day occ py a conspicuous position in a ranc house where Mrs. Fanny Rivers w preside.

**Snakes Are Good Ratters.**

Tame snakes are used in Morocco clear houses of rats and mice. The sig of a snake seems to terrify the roden



Dr. C. C. Stewart will visit Atlantic City next week.

Miss Mattie E. Bowen left for the West this week.

The choir of the Metropolitan A. M. E. Zion Church is taking vacation the month of August.

Mrs. Bessie Ricks will leave the city August 1st to visit relatives at Lower Cedar Point, Md.

Rev. W. H. Snowden and family left for their future home, Louisville, Ky., last Tuesday morning.

Dr. F. J. Shadd will leave the city August 10th for Saratoga, N. Y. He will be gone several weeks.

Miss Fannie Mitchell will leave the city next week for Haymarket, Va., where she will remain several weeks. Then she will visit her relatives in New York city.

Mr. Wm. H Smith has issued cards announcing the marraige of his daughter Annie to Mr. George Sherman Dabney July 27. Both are well known and popular citizens of Washington.

Mrs. Lillie Jackson, of New York was in the city the guest of her cousin Mrs. Simms of 10th st. N. W. She was given a dance by her cousin and other social functions were tendered her. She returned home on last Monday.

Mr. Isaac Adams of Maryland is one of the most progressive farmers. His son Mr. W. H. Adams, who is in Pettsville, Pa., has opened a fine business there and is doing well. He will be married in in the fall.

Miss Dora Jackson of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing has returned to the city from her home in Harrisburg, Pa., where she went to spend several weeks with her parents. Miss Jackson after having spent a few days was shocked by the sudden death of her married sister. She and Miss Estelle have the sympathy of their friends

The Excursion Committe of the young m n's protective League was banqueted last Monday night at Mr. Thomas Tuckers dining Saloon 28th and O sts. West Wash. The table comprised all that a heart could desire. Covers were laid for seventyfive. Among those seen around the festival board responding to toasts were: Rev. Jos. Lee, Arthur F. Boston, Dr. C. C. Fry, H. D. Burwell, Wm. B. Harries, Walter J. Abrams, Dr. C. H. Marshall, Jas. T. Cole, D. Freeman, Jno. E. Carter, Dr. U J. Danial, Dr. S. M. Pierre, Louis Brown, Shermont Talbert, Harry U. Bell, L. E. Dogan, H. Thornton, A. Lincoln, Leon Wheeler, Alex. E. Holland. Wm. J. Lee was the orator of the evening, A. T. Lewis as toastmaster was simply immense. A letter of regret was read from Mr. G. H. Payne Sec. of the League, encourageing the boys to stand firmly together and let peace and harmony continue to reign. Much regret was manisfested owing to the inability of the chairman of the committe Mr. W. J. Iverson to be present. The exercises at a reasonable hour were brought to a close with the hymns: Blest be the tie that binds etc, God be with us till we meet again.

## THE SOCIAL FEVER.

### The Lotus Club and Ring—Why the Leading Society of Washington has Been Disgraced,

It is very easy to account for the frequent disgraces that seem to infect the colored society of this city. The great trouble is that the city permits its business to be controlled by a class of colored people who have to stand at their own doors but the moment they come to this city that moment they organize a social clique and set themselves up as the great leaders of society. These sadellites at their own homes are not a drop in the bucket. The moment a stranger comes into the city and if he gets a government job, the first thing you will see on his eyes will be a pain of eyeglasses. He imagines that it gives him an air of distinguis ment. This obtains more among negroes who are messengers in the government department. Many of them will enter the law or medical school of Howard University and they are not there a month before you will hear these giddy girls say, O! Doctor Bland or Lawyer Sharp called last evening or either or both attended the social. Who knows where they came from? Very often they are fugatives from justice. But what do these Washington girls care? They are a party to the disgrace and will encourage these people to enter their society. They control the churches, lyceums, sociables and everything else. The

NATIVE WASHINGTONIANS

should be encouraged, with a man of influence and power at the head of it, would no doubt be what this city has needed for a number of years. Its membership is all that can be wished. Some of Washington's best citizens would join. There are many who do not remember the famous Lotus club. It was a disgrace to the city of Washington and many of its members were persons who did not belong here but floated to the city soon after the civil war and freedom was given to the negro. Many of the members were clerks in the departments. alleged professional men and Freedmen's bank clerks. A few of them went to the insane asylum while many others were disgraced otherwise. The social fever and color prejudice have taken a strong hold on many colored people. If Raymond Patterson continues his articles in the Post he will have some of these negroes believing that if the white race let the black man alone it is not in it. Color prejudice and the social fever are turning the heads of the negro. A fewdays ago a few colored men who were invited to ride down the river made arrangements to give a select excursion. This affair was given by the negroes of this city. That is supposed to be. One of the most prominent members of this select company was Mr. Henry E. Baker. This select committee representing the select colored people purchased cream from a man who would not allow one a seat at his ice cream table. After some talk and criticism 10 gallons of cream were purchased from Mr. E. Murray.

## LIBERIAN JUDGE HONORED.

### What He Thinks of America. Recorder Dancy Compliments Booker T. Washington.

On Tuesday evening, July 21, Mr. Henry P. Slaughter, an employee of the Government Printing Office and Vice Consul of the Republic of Liberia, tendered a reception to Mr. Justice James S. Richards of the Supreme Court of Liberia, and President of the Monrovia College, at the residence of the former, 1706 10th St., N. W. A number of official and professional people of the city were present to pay their respects to the distinguished guest. Light refreshments were served, after which Judge Richards was introduced by Vice Consul Slaughter, and made a most interesting speech, the substance of which was, that Liberia did not have all the modern facilities of this nation, but that its men were free, manly and liberty-loving; that they often read of the trials and persecutions of the Negro in the United States and grieved because of it; that they never heard that those who were educated and in position of influence speak words of freedom and equality for their oppressed brethren. He believed that God intended to reserve Liberia as an asylum for the oppressed Negro of this country. He disclaimed any intention of reflecting on the internal affairs of the United States.

Mr. J. C. Dancy, Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, made quite an extended reply to the remarks of Judge Richardson in the course of which he said. that the influential Negro of the United States was manly, outspoken and devoted to freedom. Mr. Dancy denied that those having inflnence and prestige were lacking in courage or unselfish devotion to the cause of the race, or that they were indifferent to its trials. He took occasion to say a good word for Booker T. Washington, and to announce his adherence and allegiance to the apoligist for disfranchising constitutions and jim crow cars, and the defamer of higher education of his people. Others spoke during the evening along conventional lines. At the conclusion of the speaking Judge Richardson thanked Vice-Consul Slaughter for the opportunity of meeting so many distinguished gentlemen. It may be remarked that it was not known until this reception, that Mr. Slaughter is an employee of the United States Government, was also an appointee of the government of Liberia.

Among those present were: Hon. J. W. Lyons, Hon. J. P. Green, Hon. J. C. Daney, Asst. Supt. W. S. Montgomery, Mr. R. H. Terrell, Mr. E. M. Hewlett, Dr. F. J. Shadd, Mr. Daniel Murray, Mr. L. M. Hershaw, Mr. J. W. Butcher, Mr. W. H. Houston, Mr. A. P. Albert and others.

## THE BEE WOULD LIKE TO SEE.

Sham investigation ceased.

Good men elected to office.

Suffrage restored to the District.

Editor Cooper answer his critics.

Auditor Petty given a good place.

Colored Citizens noted descendents.

The Washington Post be consistant.

No discrimination on account of color.

Mark Hanna nominated for president.

Colored democrats reply to Editor Fortune.

City Postmaster given credit for what he does.

R. W. Thompson apologize to Editor Cooper for his gratitude.

"I never wear the same dress twice," said the spinster who had more money than beauty.

"And is it true," queried the girl whose face was her fortune, "that you really have a different set of teeth for each day in the week?"—Chicago Daily

### Washing by Electricity.

An electrical washing machine has made its appearance in Buda Pesth. No soap is required with it, the electric current removing any stain or grease. The machine is said to be capable of washing as many as 200 or 300 pieces of linen in two hours without the assistance of man or woman.

EDUCATIONAL.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Including Medical. Dental and Pharmaceutic Colleges....

THIRTY-SIXTH SESSION (1903-1904) will begin October 1st 1903, and continue seven (7) months.

DAY SCHOOL FOR NEW MATRICULANTS.....

Tutition fee in Medical and Dental Colleges, each, $80.00. Pharmaceutic College, $70.00.

Four years' graded courses in Medicine and Dental Surgery.

Well equipped laboratories in all departments. Unexcelled hospital facilities.

All students must register before October 12th, 1903.

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Secretary, 901 R St., N. W.

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COLLEGE TRADE
SCHOOL
Reopens
Monday, Sept. 7th 1903

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Boarding, laundry, furnished room steam heated, electric light, $11.00 per month covers all expenses.

In appointments, cuisine service, and for the comfort of our students this school is excelled by no negro institution in America.

Catalogue now ready, address all communications to

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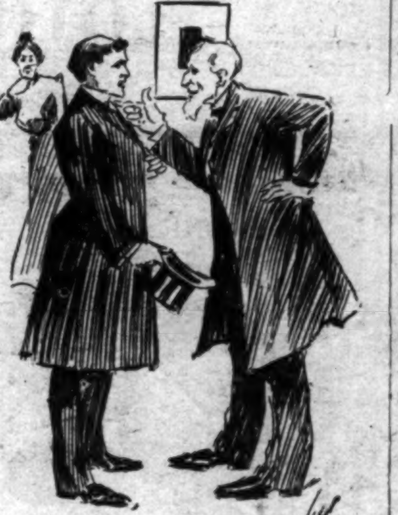
## WEDS AT SEVENTY-ONE.

### Capt. Burt Makes Bride of Miss Ruth Bly, Aged Sixty, by Dead Sister's Bier.

With the body of his sister lying in a coffin in the front parlor, and with the sorrowing friends and minister present to attend the funeral, Capt. William S. Burt, aged 71 years, of Gray, Herkimer county, N. Y., was married the other day to Miss Ruth Bly, aged 60 years.


"WE WANT TO BE MARRIED."

The dead sister was Miss Amelia Burt, and the three had resided together for years. The neighbors had been wondering what arrangements Capt. Burt would make after the death of his sister. They did not, however, expect any definite information until after the funeral, at least.

Rev. S. Nelson, of North Gage, was engaged to conduct the funeral service. When he arrived he was surprised to learn that his services would be required for a marriage. Capt. Burt told him that he and Miss Bly had decided to be united in matrimony.

It took but a few moments to tie the knot, and after a brief period, devoted to congratulations, the funeral ceremony took place.

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in each town to take orders for our new High Grade Guaranteed Bicycles.
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Alfred H, T. Walker, [illegible] W

# WERE TRUE TO CHUM

## Human Nature in the Fierce Wilderness of Maine.

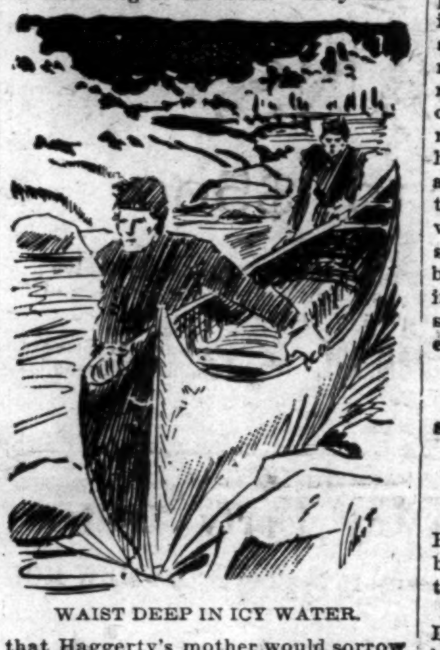
### How Two Log Drivers Took Body of Their Dead Comrade Home—Lots of Sand and Devotion in Their Makeup.

James Bell and Daniel Molloy, of Bangor, Me., have proved themselves "true blue" heroes, but they will get no medals—only the heartfelt thanks of poor people, the weeping mother and sisters of John Haggerty, and credit from every lumberman on the Penobscot for having lots of "sand" in their make-up.

It was seven weeks ago that John Francis Haggerty, of Bangor, better known as "Reddy" Haggerty, a first-class log driver, and he went to the far-away Allegash with 50 others, including some friends from his own town. Five weeks ago Haggerty became sick, having taken cold, and on a recent Sunday he died—some say from typhoid fever, others from pneumonia. No one bothers to find out the details of a woodman's taking off, for that takes time, and while men are plentiful, time is limited. "Hurry the job" is the main idea.

When, after lingering for weeks in a wretched hovel, with no care save what his loyal chums could give him in their rough way, and with never a drop of medicine—when, after untold suffering, poor Haggerty died, the first thing that occurred to the boss of the drive was to dispose of the body, and he ordered it buried then and there, in the wilderness of the Allegash, where the little mound would soon be lost in the tangle of undergrowth, unmarked and forgotten. The task of thus disposing of the mortal remains of "Reddy" Haggerty fell to his two chief cronies—"Jimmy" Bell and "Danny" Molloy, of Bangor. They were to hurry about it, too, for the drive was making slow progress, and their services were needed every minute to prevent the logs from being hung up.

Bell and Molloy flatly refused to do the bidding of the boss. They knew that Haggerty's mother would sorrow to the end of her days if the body of her boy were left in the wilderness, and they also felt that the reproaches of all Hancock street, where they lived and were brought up together, would be upon them if they should fail to do what they could to bring the body home. The hovel on the Allegash where poor Haggerty died, was 200 miles north of Bangor, and there was not even a tote road through the woods to Patten, the nearest settlement. They could see, towering above the mists, the summit of Katahdin, and with that for a guide, they determined to make the attempt to carry the corpse out.


WAIST DEEP IN ICY WATER.

Telling the boss of Lawler's drive that, so far as they were concerned, the logs could stay there and rot, Bell and Molloy placed the body of their dead chum in the bottom of a canoe, and, taking a handful of salt fish and hardtack, they started down the Allegash. They had not gone far when they found that the canoe was in danger of being dashed to pieces against the rocks that studded the shallow stream, where the current runs a mill-race, and so they got out into the icy water, waist deep, and pushed the canoe, guiding it carefully, for 23 miles. At nightfall Sunday they were so benumbed with cold that they were obliged to halt, and, pulling the canoe up on the bank, they made a big fire.

On Monday they came to a stretch where the water was so quick that one was obliged to care for the canoe while the other carried the body for five miles on his shoulder, struggling over bowlders, in rapids and through thorny underbrush. At noon they came to smooth water again, and from there to the journey's end it was merely a question of endurance. They reached Patten in the afternoon, in time to have the body cared for and sent in the evening train to Bangor. They were so much exhausted that they staggered as they passed through the streets of Patten, and were unable to eat the food set before them. It was an awful experience, even for the wiry, tough-muscled Bangor log drivers.

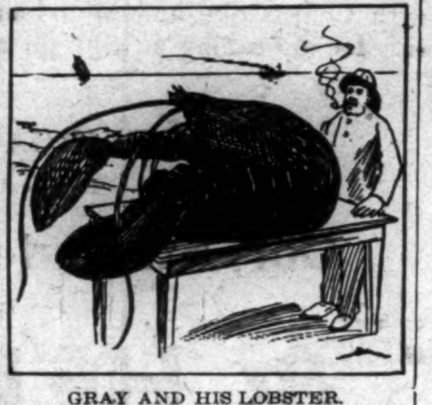
Having seen the body on its way to Bangor, "Jimmy" Bell and "Danny" Molloy turned back through the wilderness for the Allegash, sad over the death of their friend "Reddy," but satisfied that they had done all that men could do, and knowing that they need not be ashamed to go back to Bangor and face the neighbors in Hancock street. And in Bangor those who know them say: "Jimmy and Danny's all right!"

# GIGANTIC LOBSTER.

### Caught After a Protracted Struggle by Capt. Emery Gray, Off the Maine Coast.

This fish story is about a lobster, but it's all right and its veracity is touched for by Capt. Emery Gray, one of the most hardy and daring fishermen on the island of Vinalhaven, off the Maine coast. In fact, Capt. Gray is the hero of the story, or, at least, shares first honors with the lobster.

One morning, so the tale runs, the doughty captain was strolling along the shore near the mouth of Indian creek with a clam hoe in his hands, when he caught sight of a lobster claw protruding from the sand. The unusual side to this discovery was that the claw was about a hundred times larger than any whole crustacean the captain had ever encountered. Thinking it was but a lifeless relic of some species, belonging to ages agone, the captain gave the claw a sharp blow with the hoe.


GRAY AND HIS LOBSTER.
(Gigantic Monster of the Deep Caught Off the Maine Coast.)

It proved to belong to the very active present, however, and snapping its claw on the offending weapon, the lobster nearly wrenched it from Gray's hand. The timely appearance of another fisherman enabled the captain to dig up the giant beast from its hole in the sand. Securing the lobster with heavy fishline, the men dragged it home, where it immediately became the center of a group of astonished natives. The lobster was fastened to a pile supporting a dock, but the following morning there was a pile missing; also the lobster, which had been named Hercules because of its immense size. A search soon revealed the crustacean's whereabouts from the roily water caused by dragging the heavy pile, and he was recaptured after another fierce struggle in which the fishermen's boat was nearly wrecked by the beast's tremendous struggles. The animal died soon after being recaptured, however, not standing captivity well. A photographer secured the picture herewith presented, in which Capt. Gray is seen near by.

# MADE HIS OWN CAREER.

### Senator Hanna, Famous Ohio Politician, Owes His Greatness to No One But Himself.

Not many people know that Senator Hanna owes his prosperity to no one but himself. He is a self-made man of the most pronounced type.

Marcus Alonzo Hanna was born at Lisbon, O., September 24, 1837. All of his earlier education was obtained in the public schools, but he worked his way through Western Reserve university, and so received a college education. He became an employe in a wholesale grocery house in Cleveland after he had graduated from college. His rise with this company was so rapid that he soon became a partner, and remained as such until 1867. He is now at the head of M. A. Hanna & Co., a coal company; also, president of the Union National bank of Cleveland; the Cleveland City Railway company, the Chapin Mining company and a director of the Globe Ship Building company. In 1897 Mr. Hanna was made a United States senator from Ohio, and his term does not end until 1905. He has been chairman of the national republican committee since 1896, and it was under his leadership that William McKinley was elected to the presidency.

HON. MARCUS A. HANNA.
(Senator from Ohio and Republican Campaign Leader.)

### Paris Club of Silence.

A "Club of Silence" meets daily in Paris. The members are all deaf mutes, and so are the attendants. Without a sound various orders are given, and the servants move as silently as specters. The president of this club could speak up to his twenty-seventh year. Then he had his tongue cut out by some Indians he was fighting in Montana.

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To Buy Clothing

NO Ifs nor Ands, no Whys nor Wherefores just one of the biggest Drops in the price of clothing ever known at this season of the year and this is given over to the telling of what we are going to do, rather than why we can do it.

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Suits for Young Men from 14 to 19 years. Strictly all wool well made and lined, thirty styes to choose from .................................... $.00

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The popular garments for Boys of all ages, this season's newest shades of covert cloth Oxford grays well made and trimmed and properly cut.

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Men's $2.00 Hats in all the new Styles $1.39

Eery dollar you spend here during this Sale will have the force of two and then if you are in any way dissatisfied with your purchase you money will be refunded for the asking.

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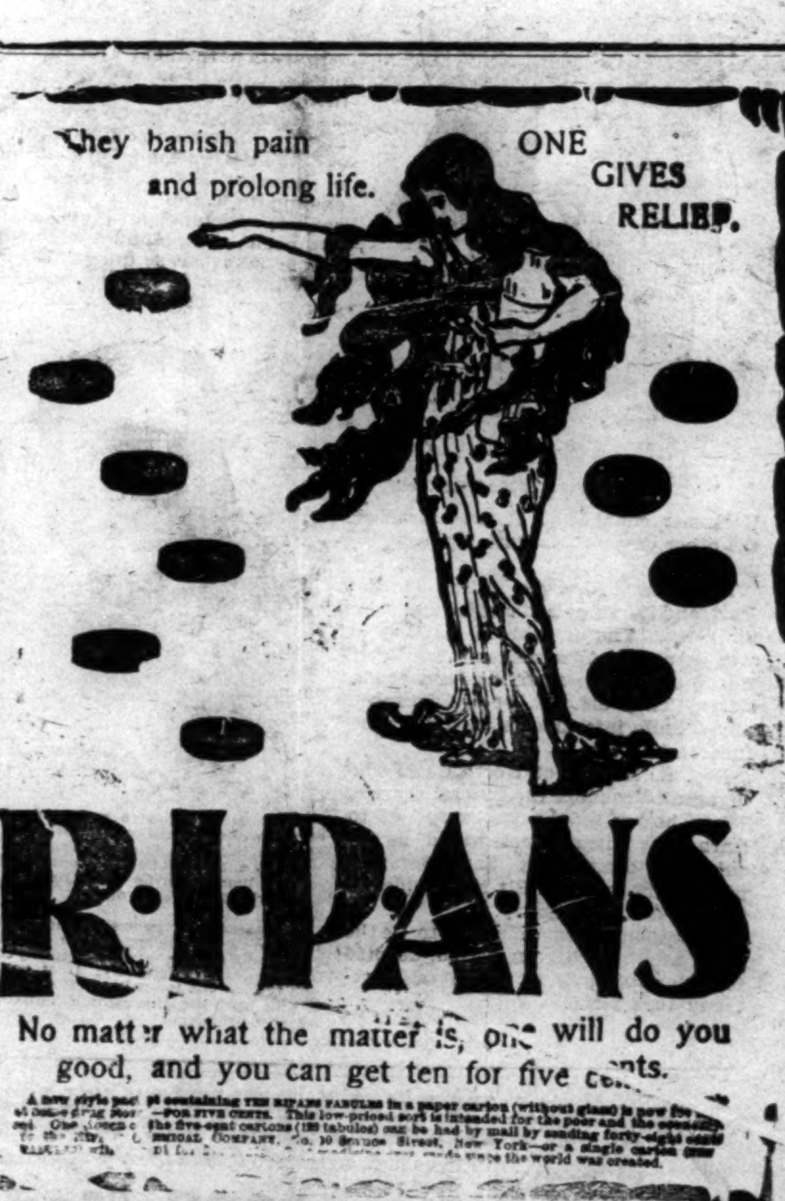

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PITTSBURG AND CLEVELAND *11.00 a. m. *8.45 p. m., and *1.00 night.

COLUMBUS AND WHEELING *6 20 p. m.

WINCHESTER †8.35 a. m., †4.15, §5.30 and †6.20 p. m.

LURAY, *4.15 p.m.

ANNAPOLIS, †7.20, §8.30, †12.00 noon. *5.20, p. m.

FREDERICK, †8.35, §9.15, †11.00, a. m., §1.15 †4.30 †6.20 p. m,

HAGER TOWN, †10.05 a. m. and †5.30 p.m.

BOYD and way points, †8.35, §9.15 a. m., §1.15 †4.30, †5.30, §10.15, 11.30, p. m.

GAITHERSBURG and way points, †8.35, §9.15 a. m., †12.50, §1.15, †3.30, †4.30, *5.00 †5.30, *7.05, 7.20 §10.15, †11.30 p. m.

WASHINGTON JUNCTION and way points, †8.35, §9.15, a. m., §1.15, †4.30., †5.30, p. m.

BALTIMORE, week days, x3.00, 5.00, 6.30, x7.00 x7.20, 8.00 x8.30, 8.35, x9.00 x9.30, x 10.00 11.00 a.m., x12.00 noon, x12.05 x1.00, x2.00, x3.00, x4.00, x4.30, 4.40, x5.00, x5.20, 6.00, 6.30 x7.00 x8.00, x10.00 x11.30 11.35 p. m. Sundays, x3.00 x7.00 7.20, 8.30, x9.00, a.m. x1.00, 1.15, x3.00, x3.30, x5.00, 5.20, 6.30, x8.00, x10 00, x11.30, 11.35 p. m.

BayRidge, 9.10 a. m. week days; 9.10 a. m. and 1.45 p. m. Sundays. effective June 13.

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All trains illuminated with Pintsch light. For Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York Boston, and the East, *3:00 *7:00 (Diner), †8:30 (Buffet), §9:00 (Diner). †10.00 (Diner) a. m. *1.00 (Diner). *3.00 ("Royal Limited." Diner). †4.00 (Phila only). *5.00 (Diner). *8.00, *11.30 p. m. (Sleeping car open at 10.00 o'clock.)

Atlantic City, 7.00, †10.00 a. m., †1.00 *3.30 p. m.

* – Daily. †Except Sunday, §Sunday only, xExpress trains.

Baggage called for and checked from hotels and residences by Union Transfer Company on orders left at ticket offices, 619 Pennsylvania ave northwest. New York avenue and Fifteenth street, and at station.

D. B. Martin, Manager Pass. Traffic.
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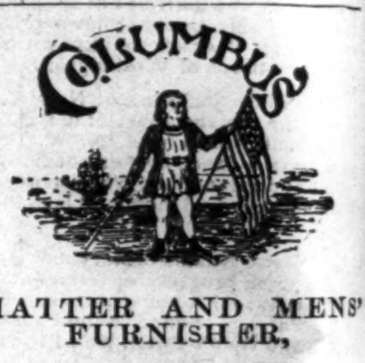

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SALOON

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Elite Whiskey A SPECIALTY and all the Popular Brands

The largest glass of Henrich's BEER IN THE CITY.

### Kerosene Vice in France.

A constantly increasing evil in France is the drinking of kerosene. The vice has long prevailed among the Indians of the South Pacific, and to such an extent that the importation of kerosene for drinking is an important

### In Search of a Husband.

Two girls—twin sisters from the mountains of Tennessee—have gone to Vinita, I. T., to meet a man at that place who has agreed to marry the one who makes the best impression upon him at their meeting. This is a case where the parties were brought into communication through the agency of a matrimonial paper. Both girls sent their photos, but the would-be groom could not make up his mind which he liked best, so sent money for both to come, that he might make his choice between them. To prove that his intentions were all right the territory man sent money for the girls' big brother to come along and see that everything was square.

HERE'S A LITTLE
Pointer for You

By Miss May Clematis.

Girls should learn how to protect hemselves.

Annie. If you act properly you will e protected.

Aricio. Do not allow your male com any to act too free in your company.

Nora. Too much familiarity often sults in separation.

Lucinda. You cannot help from suc eeding, because you know how to act.

Dina. Do not speak ill of any one shows that you are either jealous or icious.

Ella, Flashy dressing betrays your rth. It directs vulgar attention to you.

Isy. If you will take the advice of ur mother you will hardly go astray.

Tilly. Your dancing school should select. You cannot afford to be care ss. Select them if you want to suc ed.

M. M. You should remember that girl must have good qualities if she nts to be admired, To succeed in life u must be able to be an up to date use woman. You must have more alities than one. Do not marry if you ow nothing about house work

I. M. Do not imagine that fine dres s will carry you through the world. hey may assist you in getting through t you should have other qualities.

L. T. Be truthful by all means, be use you will command respect from ur associates.

W. T. Nothing is more lovely in a rl than to see her respect herself.

R. H. Long courtships are danger s and if you will consult observation u will be convinced.

Nella. You cannot hope to be re ected if you do not respect yourself. o not even show too much anxiety in ything. Be slow to come to a conclu n, Always weigh well what you say do.

Sadie. It is wrong to dislike one be use others do. Be certain that you e convinced of the truthfulness of the atement before you decide. Some rls are very childish and will believe ything that is said to them,

B. O. First be convinced whether u are to be benefited before you de de. It is useless to do an act if it is your detriment.

Roda Now that your school days ve come to a close, put your time to me useful occupntion. Work is hon able no matter what kind it is.

L. E, You are going away for the mmer. You want to know what is st to do. It is better for you to go to me quiet country place and rest up. ou cannot afford to participate in the yieties of life if you expect to resume hool work in the fall. Your health ill not permit you. Take a good rest.

Etta. You may be all you say, but u have a poor way of showing it. You hould not do what you do not desire thers to do. Set the example and then it is not followed you shonld act.

Do not talk too much.

Be careful what you say about those ou k ow.

Say nothing that you cannot sub antuate.

If speaking well of those you do not ke will not effect you but help you, o so.

Your sister is a good companion for ou. They cannot often agree, it is true

Do not marry too young and do not arry at all if you cannot better your onditiou. Marry for better or for worse elongs to the old generation. New ges call for new and better things.

Do not marry because others do or ecause for the sake of marrying. The sults are bad.

If you are doi g well, don't attempt nything else if you cannot improve e situation.

Let your conversation be of a high oral character, and then you will ave no cause to insult any one.

Don't go to saloons and participate anything that will reflect on your orals.

Girls are talked about because they re careless,

A Girl that will suspicion her com anion should be careful herself unless he is suspicioned.

It is bad to talk a out another girl ecauce you don't like her.

Don't imagine that a girl is thinking ore of herself than other people think f her becanse she respects herself.

Don't be so foolish to believe every hing a person says to you or tells you t is best to weigh all that is told to ou before you come to a conclusion.

Flattery is the characteristic of a de eptive heart and mind.

Be careful and don't allow others to lay upon your weakness.

One may speak well of you or to you ithout deception,

Girls who have articles for this col mn are requested to send them by ednesday of each week. The effort f the Editor of this column is to please nd not displease, merely to give hint o girls.

# *Wilt Thomas Fished for Trout And Caught a Baby Bay Lynx*

From Shrewsbury, Vt., a newsgatherer writes that Wilton Thomas, a Canadian trapper, who has been visiting relatives at the Centre, one day this week took his fish-rod and started up the south branch of Cold river for a day's trouting. He struck it about a mile south of the cheese factory, where the river, which here is little more than a good-sized brook, flows through a ravine banked on either side by dense forests that extend back on to the south slope of Shrewsbury mountain.

The district is exceptionally wild, being in the very heart of the Green mountain range, and is seldom visited by men except in the fishing and deer hunting season.

The trapper had been over the ground several times before, and while he had seen evidences of bears and wildcats, he had no fear of their molesting him, and he took with him no weapon other than a jack-knife. The fishing was good and Thomas cleaned his trout as he went along. The refuse he either dropped into the stream or left on the rocks.

Thomas had taken four good-sized fish in what is called the "big bell hole," and was baiting his hook for another try when he thought he heard the twigs crackling on the bank at his left. He was seated on a rock projecting into the stream, and turning he saw at the base of the boulder two small and short-haired, dun-colored animals that he instantly recognized as bay lynx kittens. They were creeping toward the refuse from the trout and were at the same time keeping an eye on the fisherman.

Thomas immediately thought of the bounty the state pays for the capture of these animals, and at the same time a vision of the mother lynx, which he knew could not be far off, flashed through his mind. He cursed his luck at having no gun and then began to lay plans for the capture of the animals.

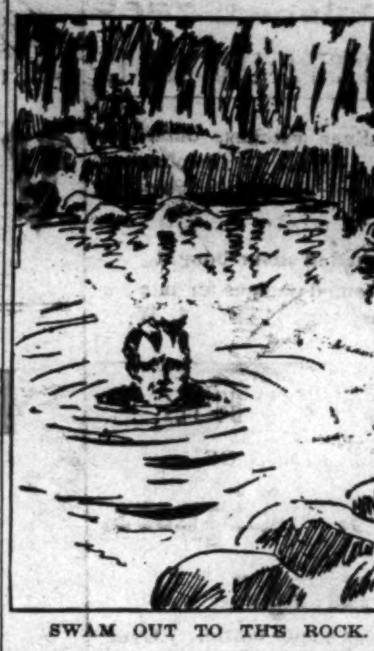
The kittens seemed to have little fear of the man, but when Thomas began to edge near the fish they withdrew a foot or two and eyed him suspiciously. He cut his fish line, an oiled silk affair, off close to the reel, quietly made one end into a slip noose, and with the aid of a forked stick, cut from an overhanging hardhack, laid the loop over the fish. Then he withdrew to a remote corner of the rock and waited.

Nearer and nearer drew the kittens, and finally one of them reached for a bite of the fish outside the loop that had been left for bait. Down it went with a gulp. Again the tiny paw reached forward, and this time extended well over the line. With a twitch Thomas had the little animal fast.

There was an astonished snarl, followed by a squeal from the youngster's mate, and then both animals leaped for the woods. One made a landing and disappeared in the underbrush, but the other went only as far as the slack of the line would allow, and came back with the rebound.

Next instant there was a roar in the woods, and the mother lynx called to the rescue by the cries of her offspring, appeared on the bank not ten feet from the fisherman. The hair on the animal's back was raised, the tassel on her ears stood almost erect, and the lips were withdrawn, disclosing long and dangerously pointed fangs.

Thomas let go of the fishline instantly, and, leaping into the water, swam to a rock in the center of the stream. The lynx still stood on the bank when he looked around. She had both kittens with her, and was tearing at the fishline that was still around the leg of the little animal that had been snared.


SWAM OUT TO THE ROCK.

As soon as she had removed this the lynx made several moves as though to swim out to the rock and avenge her young, but each time she withdrew her foot from the water and looked discouraged. A lynx hates water worse than a cat, and herein Thomas knew his salvation lay.

He was chilled, but the excitement kept him from getting numb, and at the end of an hour when the lynx and her family went into the woods, he was in good condition to run two miles to the nearest house. Here he remained until he was dried out. He left his rod and fish on the bank of the stream, and will go for them armed with a repeating rifle.

## CUPID'S RAPID WORK.

### School Girl Won on the "Get-Married-Quick" Plan by a New York Salesman.

That young America is as resolute and Cupid as mischievous as ever is evidenced by the following story, reported by the Utica (N. Y.) corespondent of the Chicago American, of Walter Harold Tierney, a traveling salesman, and Marie Louise Bellinger, of Mohawk, who were married after about five hours' acquaintance, and now are seeking forgiveness from the bride's parents.

Mr. Tierney travels for a New York firm and lives at No. 326 Lenox avenue, New York. He is 28 years of ago. On Tuesday he was in the post office when in tripped two young and attractive women. One was Miss Bellinger. The New Yorker instantly fell in love with the Mohawk girl, and when the young women left the post office the New Yorker followed.

Shortly after he met Miss Bellinger in Genesee street, and a convenient friend introduced Tierney to the young woman. She has been attending the Utica College of Commerce, but, upon Tierney's invitation, she cut her school duties and attended a matinee at the Majestic. Then they went to the residence of Rev. S. W. Brown, pastor of the South Street Methodist Episcopal church, where they were married.

ONE WAS MISS BELLINGER.

Miss Bellinger is a daughter of Graham Bellinger, formerly a hotel proprietor at Mohawk, and now engaged in business there. She is a handsome brunette and is about 18 years of age.

### Extravagant Town Council.

Utterly regardless of shame, but solely intent upon bleeding the taxpayers to the last drop, the politicians of Trenton, Mo., have advanced the salary of the mayor of that town from $4.16 to $8.32 a month.

## TREED FIVE TRAMPS.

### Plucky Ohio Woman Forces Cherry Thieves to Capitulate, at the Point of a Revolver.

Armed with her husband's revolver, Mrs. H. P. Coe, wife of the mayor of Painesville, O., captured five tramps who were raiding cherry trees at her home the other night, and turned them over to the police. Mrs. Coe, who is young, good-looking and prominent in society, speaks modestly of what she did.

SHE COVERED THE FIVE.

It happened that Mrs. Coe was alone in the house. Shortly before 10 o'clock she saw a man stop beneath a cherry tree and swing himself up out of sight into the branches. The house is close to the Nickel Plate railroad, and people there have been much annoyed by thieving tramps. Mrs. Coe telephoned the police and neighbors, then armed herself with the revolver and slipped outside.

Coming beneath the tree she was startled to find not one but five tramps among the branches. Undaunted, she covered the five with her revolver and told them that if they made any attempt to escape she would shoot.

The five blustered and begged in turn in vain. Mrs. Coe, covering the men all the time with her revolver, waited at the foot of the tree for 10 minutes until neighbors came to her assistance. When the police arrived later Mrs. Coe turned the captives over to them. Then, rather than appear against the tramps in court she asked that they be not prosecuted.

### Rats Attack Sleeping Baby.

At the village of Martel, O., the infant son of James Kirk was left asleep in an upstairs room while the mother went about her household work. Screams of terror and pain were heard, and Mrs. Kirk, rushing to the room in which her little son was lying, saw a drove of rats swarming over the cot. The rodents were frightened away, but not until they had bitten the child in a most frightful manner.

## GIGANTIC STONE LION.

### Valuable Monument of Antiquity to Be Restored by Archaeological Society of Athens.

With the object of perpetuating the memory of the small band of patriots who died to the last man in defense of their country at the battle of Chaeronea, which was fought in the year 338 before Christ, the Thebans erected over the grave of the vanquished heroes a monument in the form of a lion of colossal proportions, and until the beginning of the last century this massive work reminded all who saw it of the gallant fight which the Greeks had made in the old days against the foreign invaders.

During the war of independence the monument was destroyed, for a rumor had spread that a priceless treasure was concealed under it. Since that time its fragments, most of which are very beautiful, have been strewn on the ground. Conspicuous among them is the head of the lion, not only on account of its beauty, but also because it shows hardly any trace of injury.

LION OF THE THEBANS.
(Unique Monument Erected 338 B. C. Soon to Be Restored.)

The Archaeological society of Athens, says the Detroit Free Press, has now decided to restore and place in its former position, this monument, which is known far and wide as "The Lion of Chaeronea." M. Sokhas, a distinguished sculptor, who has carefully examined the fragments, has been intrusted with the work, and he is confident that the lion, after it is placed in position, will be as imposing and majestic a figure as it ever was.

### Wyoming Horse, Recently Presented to the President, Is Well Liked by Mrs. Roosevelt.

President Roosevelt's horse Wyoming, presented to him by the citizens of that state during his western trip, is becoming accustomed to his new surroundings. The horse has not been used to "red devil" automobiles, electric cars and other sights familiar to Washington, and at first was somewhat prone to shy at them.

He is being exercised daily by John C. Wright, who broke and trained him as a colt and accompanied him on his long journey to Washington. Wyoming would cut all sorts of capers at sight of an automobile or bicycle when he first arrived in Washington, but his trainer has succeeded in calming his troubled spirits to some extent at least. Wright says the horse is very gentle.

"WYOMING."
(Horse Presented to President Roosevelt During Recent Trip.)

Whether from this cause or on account of his beauty, Mrs. Roosevelt has expressed a great liking for the animal and the president has promised it to her.

### Why Autos Turn Easily.

People have noted with surprise the facility with which an automobile turns a corner. This is due to the fact that its forward axle is in two pieces, connected with bevel wheels and a pinion. In turning, the pinion is loosened on its stud, which permits the two wheels, each of which is solid on its axle, to revolve at different speeds.

### Another Original Uncle Tom.

Another "original" Uncle Tom has just died in Kentucky. His name was Norman Argo, and his age was 111 years. This makes about the two hundred and third "original" Uncle Tom who has died within the past 45 years.

### Smallest Horse on Record.

Los Angeles, Cal., has the smallest horse in the world. It is 22¼ inches high, seven years old, and weighs 70 pounds with its shoes on.

Fresh air tablets are a preparation discovered by a French scientist. It was while investigating acetylene that he discovered that he could combine certain chemicals into a tablet which, on being dropped into water, dissolved and gave forth pure oxygen. These tablets will be exceedingly useful in a closed carriage, a submarine boat, a mine, or anywhere else where the air has become vitiated.—Science.

-Hair Restorer.

All who are dersirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairoline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer Oriental Complexion Cre m so cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like yelvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

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Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfation guaranteed. Busines at 1132 3rd Street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.
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Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing First-class work.

1132 3rd St. n. w.
J. H. DABNEY,
Proprietor.

### Glaciers.

The problem of piercing a glacier by means of boring has at last been solved with results of real scientific interest in experiments made last August on a glacier near Vent, in the Tyrol. At a distance of about one and a quarter miles from the tip of the glacier where its breadth is 2,130 feet and the height of its surface above sea level 8,530 feet, a boring in the middle reached rock at a depth of 500 feet. Taken along with measurements of rate of movement, surface melting and temperature, the experiment enabled the following conclusions to be drawn: First—the temperature of the ice is at the melting point throughout the whole mass on the tongue of the glacier. Second—the bed of the glacier is trough-shaped. Third—the ice moves more slowly at the bottom than at the surface. The bore holes were filled up with pieces of wood, which will serve for many years to come as indexes of the rate of movement and of surface melting.—N. Y. Sun.

### Medical Bubbles.

Doctors have invented a new form of bubble. Neuralgia, sciatica and lumbago are known to be affections of the ends of the nerves which lie just under the skin of the painful region. It has been discovered that by injecting air under the skin the ends of the nerves are lengthened and the pain relieved. The bubble of air is pressed by the fingers and caused to move about until all parts are relieved. In dislocations, fractures and bruises the same treatment has given relief.—London Globe.

### Prince Albert Winked.

Half a century ago Mrs. Alcott, the American authoress, wrote the following about Albert Edward, prince of Wales, now King Edward of England: "He is a yellow-haired laddie, very like his mother. Fanny and I waved and nodded to him as he passed by, and he openly winked his boyish eye at us, for Fanny, with her yellow curls and wild waving, looked rather rowdy, and the poor little prince wanted some fun."—Cleveland Leader.

### Judged by Modern Standard.

"A magnificent work, his latest story, you say?"

"Magnificent! Why, it's the finest story that has been published this century."

"Indeed? What's the general idea?"

"Oh, half-morocco, gold or uncut edges, cloth edition, finished in four colors, with illuminated pages to every chapter."—Baltimore News.

### Quick Tanning Process.

By a new Dutch process it is claimed that a moist hide can be turned into leather ready for the saddler's or shoemaker's use in from two to three days, while by following the usual method of preparation it takes about six months.—Leather Journal.

### Something Lacking.

"I haven't seen you in your new automobile yet, Mrs. Noorox," said Mrs. Fosdick.

"No," replied Mrs. Noorox, "we haven't been out much. Mr. Noorox doesn't know how to run the machine, and he hasn't been able to hire a good chiffonier yet."—Detroit Free Press.

### Enough Said.

In a letter to a friend in Atlanta a rural youngster wrote:

"Last Tuesday dad bought a young mule that was not broke. Dad tried to teach the mule how to pull a wagon. The mule is still with us."—Atlanta Constitution.

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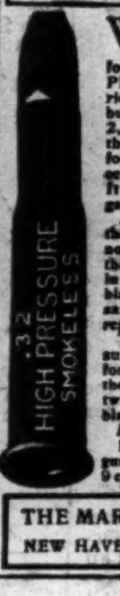
Meals at All Hours
Come one; come all.

Marlin
.32 Cal. High-Pressure Smokeless
IN MODEL 1893



We are prepared to furnish our full line of Model '93 rifles, solid and take-down, for the new .32 Caliber HIGH PRESSURE SMOKELESS cartridge. This size uses a 165-grain bullet and has a velocity of over 2,000 feet per second, making it the most powerful cartridge made for an American arm, with the exception of the .30-40 U. S. Army. It is sufficiently deadly for any game known in North America.

Another great advantage is that the barrels are bored and rifled (but not chambered) exactly the same as the regular .32-40 Marlin, one turn in 16 inches. This makes the use of black powder and lead bullets as satisfactory and convenient as in a regular black powder rifle.

This size is the first high-pressure arm developed in this country for a caliber larger than .30, and the first to use a slow enough twist to give best results with black powder ammunition.

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### A Compliment.

"I can't understand why a woman of her age should care for the kind of clothes she affects."

"Why, I don't think there's anything radically wrong with her clothes. Of course they might be a little more becoming if she were two or three years younger, but, you know, we can't all be your age, Mrs. Kazamms. Still, I don't blame you for objecting to it when she copies your styles so closely."—Chicago Record-Herald.

## City Items.

Miss Josephine Thomas of 1104 New Jersey ave., S. E., has been quite ill for three weeks.

Willie J. Walls, the boy evangelist, of Salisbury, N. C., who has attracted great interest in the South, will speak at the Metropolitan A. M. E. Zion Church, D Street, Southwest, Sunday evening.

The funeral of Mrs. Emma Carrol of 438 Wabington st., N. W., took place from the Metropolitan Baptist church Tuesday afternoon last. The deceased was a useful member of several benevolent societies. She is survived by her husband and several children.

The funeral of Mr Thomas Eatman the well known tinner of Southwest took place at Zion Baptist Monday last. The funeral was in charge of A. K. Manning Lodge No. 2361 G. U. O. of O. F. of which the deceased was a most useful member. Interment at Harmony Cemetery Rev. W. J. Howard officiated. The deceased left a widow and three children.

A certificate reincorporating the Plumbers' Laborers Union No. 1. of District of Columbia was filed Thursday last in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in which Moses S. Gordon, Stephen Davis, Abner Nixon, L. W, Qiusenbury, Edward B. Wilson. Joseph S. Bolling and William T. Webster are named as the incorporators, the securing to each of its members a reasonable and uniform rate of wages per diem for filling digging, paving and plnmbers. Mr. W, C. Martin is the attorney for the corporation.

## BOURKE COCKRAN.

### Famous New York Lawyer May Become British Subject and Member of Parliament.

Bourke Cockran, who, it is said may become a British subject, join the Irish party, and take a seat in parliament, is a native of Ireland, and lived in that country until he was 17. He then came to the United States, settled in New York, taught for a time, and at length became a lawyer. Since 1884 he has been prominent in the democratic party as one of the most eloquent of its speakers. In 1896 Mr. Cockran campaigned for the gold standard and McKinley. He has recently visited the orient.

W. BOURKE COCKRAN.
(Famous New York Lawyer Who May Become a British Subject.)

### Bay Ridge Season.

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| Tea | 3 cts |
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| Pie | 3 cts |
| Soup of all kinds | 3 cts |
| Sandwiches | 3 cts |
| Cocoa | 5 cts |
| Baked Beans | 5 cts |
| Frankfort Sausgage | 5ts |
| Fried Liver | 5 cts |
| Fried Onions | 5 cts |
| Fried Bacon | cts |
| Beef Stew | 5 cts |
| Fried Potatoes | 5 cts |
| Country Sausage | 5 cts |
| Milk Toast | 10 cts |
| Steak | 10 cts |
| Ham and Eggs | 15 cts |
| Fried Chicken | 10, 15 and 25 cts |

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## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### MOST WORSHIPFUL EUREKA GRAND

### Lodge of F. & A. Ancient York Masons in and for the District of Columbia on the Continent of North America.

Prince Hall (compact) has just closed a long and important session and starts out very favorable for the new year. Visiting brothers are respectfully requested to call on the Grand Master, Col. R. D. Goodman 917 4th street n.w. for information about the craft Please bring financial card of your Lodge.

J. E. Williams, M. D.
M. W Grand Sect.
106 F St., S. W.

To whom it may concern:—I hereby give notice that on and after July 15, 1903, I will not be responsible for any obligations entered into, or debts which may be contracted by my wife, Sarah Robertson, now residing at 829 New Hampshire Avenue, Northwest, and all persons are hereby warned that on and after said date I will pay no bills or debts which she may contract.

Samuel A. Robertson,
505 D Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

### National Ex-Slave Congress.

Memphis, Tenn., July 24-26, 1903. Under the auspices of the N. I. Council of America. Reduced rates have been granted on all rail roads in the United States. This is a chance for tourists to see the great father of waters, the Great Mississippi.

Particulars write,
Stanley P. Mitchell, Pres.,
503 D St., N. W.

P. S.—34 states will be represented. Delegates will come from 1400 Councils. A Commissioner will be elected to wait upon King Edward of England.

## E, MCGRAW.

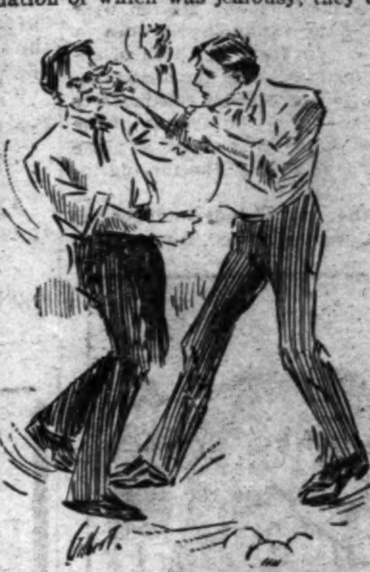
The manager of the Purity ice company, Mr. J. E. McGraw, in the K St. market no doubt makes the best ice in the city. He also has a large coal yard on L street and he is determined to see that the thousands or more customers who patronize him are well treated this winter. The success of his large ice plant is due to the support of his loyal customers. Mr. McGraw is one of the most accommodating men in this city. The readers of The Bee and the people in this city should not fail to use the ice made by his company and when they want coal and wood go where they can obtain them at a reasonable price. Look out for The Bee next week on Mr. McGraw.

## FREE SLUGGING MATCH.

### Crazed by Jealousy Two Young Fellows Fight Each Other for Forty-Five Minutes.

When the rain was coming down its hardest, two young men of Wilkesbarre, Pa., whose names could not be learned, got into a dispute over a girl.

After a long argument, the real foundation of which was jealousy, they decided to go to Rutter's Grove and have it out. Arriving at the Market street edge of the woods, their passion seemed to have reached its highest point, and not having patience to go further into the woods, they peeled off their coats and vests, ripped off their collars and neckties, and prepared for business. Before they started they agreed that the fight should not be of the rough-and-tumble order, and that all breaks should be clean.



BATTED EACH OTHER LIVELY.

Then they sailed in and batted each other for 45 minutes, each trying to put the other out. They were so evenly matched, however, that honors were even all through the mill, and before the finish they were so weak they could hardly stand and neither could strike a blow of sufficient force to put a nine-year-old boy out of business. After wearing each other out, the belligerents concluded that they had enough for one day and agreed to meet again.

While the fight was on a great crowd gathered and applauded and cheered, while they stood in the open and became drenched to the skin.

### Cruel Chinese Punishment.

Death from sleeplessness is the punishment for murder in some parts of China. The culprit is kept awake by beating the soles of his feet, and this treatment continues until he dies. At the end of nine or ten days the victim breathes his last.

### Has Had Eleven Brides.

Marriage is a frequent occurrence with Fritz Kottman, of Creglingen, Germany. He has led eleven brides to the altar. His first three wives died young. the next two were drowned, one committed suicide, three died in succession, the tenth was gored to death by a bull, and he has recently married the eleventh, who had a leg cut off by a railway train last year, so that the wedding had to be postponed till now.

## A NEW BOOK.

A valuable as well as an interesting work is "Pharoah's Decision in the action of wrong vs. right" by I. Leonard Henson.

This book is the answer in legal form and character to a work entitled "An Appeal to Pharoah" written by an "unknown" and in the consideration of and decision made on the twelve (12) assignments of error, viz: 1st A Sectional union; 2d The Divisional lines; 3d The Continuing cause; 4th A Race Question, 5th The Negro's condition and Position; 6th Race Prejudice North and South; 7th Trilemma; 8th Radical Solution; 9th Reckonings of Number; 10th Reckonings of Cost; 11th Will he go? 12th Our Duty, is supported by the U. S. Supreme Court decisions, by the facts found in the Federalist, Madison's Papers, Jefferson's Works, Source Book of American History, the United States Constitution itself, and statistics as furnished by the Richmond Planet, The Chicago Tribune and the twelfth census. There is much in it of historical fact, much about existing conditions, and much in aid of a true conception of the Negro's powers and possibilities.

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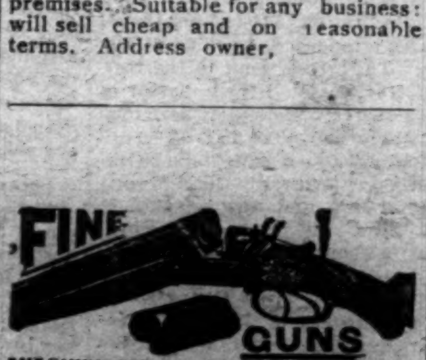

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